

OPTIDRIVETM **CP**²

AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 250kW / 1 - 350HP 200 - 600V Single and 3 Phase Input

Quick Start Up

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Electrical Installation

Keypad and Display Operation

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Parameters

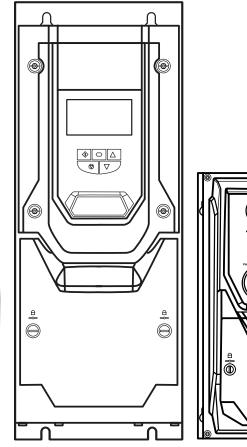
Control Terminal Functions

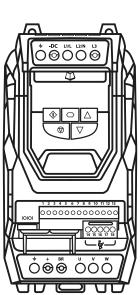
> Extended Parameters

Serial Communications

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Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODP-2 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007+A1:2017	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

Optidrive P2 incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2016	Туре 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7):2010	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC: 2010	Uncontrolled Stop "Category 0"	
EN 62061:2005/A2:2015	SIL CL 2	

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 2.50 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.02.

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.

This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.

The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drives power terminals.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1 and providing a disconnecting device which must be one of the following types:

- A switch-disconnector, utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3).
- A circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.
- A disconnector with an integrated auxiliary contact that ensures under all circumstances the switching devices break the load circuit prior to opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3).

For installation in other regions, conformance with local electrical regulations and codes of practice must be adhered to.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive. Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W. Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

Do not operate the drive with any of the enclosure covers removed.

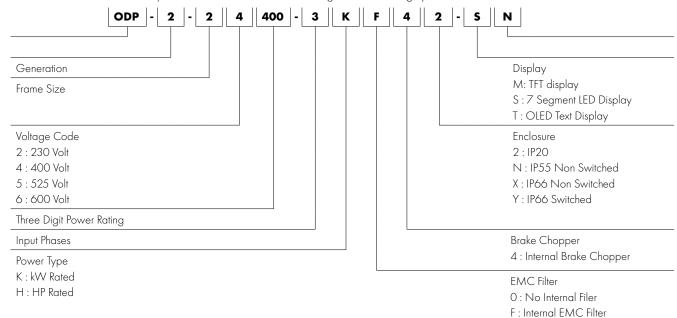
1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See Section	Page
1	 Identify the Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular: Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor Check the enclosure type is suitable for the intended mounting location. 	 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number 2.3. Understanding the Rating Label 2.4. Drive Model Numbers – IP20 2.5. Drive Model Numbers – IP55 2.6. Drive Model Numbers – IP66 3.1. General 	6 7 7 9 10 11
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	10.1. Environmental	68
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units), ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP55 & IP66).	 3.1. General 3.2. Before Installation 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) 3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) 	11 11 12 15 16 16 16
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes.	10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings	68
6	For IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase – earth voltage may exceed the phase – phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	10.5. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure	72
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.6. Motor Connection 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control	21 51
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections	21
11	Ensure correct wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	20
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	4.1. Connection Diagram	19
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	4.10. Control Terminal Connections	24
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		
15	Commission the drive parameters.	5.4. Changing Parameters 6. Parameters	33 35

2. General Information and Ratings

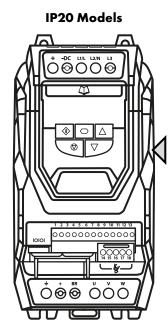
2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

The model number of each Optidrive P2 is constructed according to the following system:

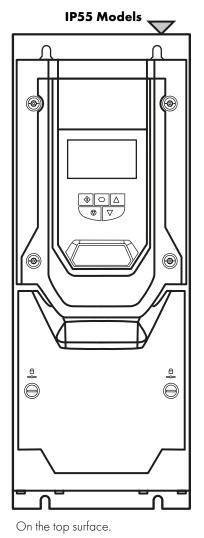


2.2. Product Rating Label Location

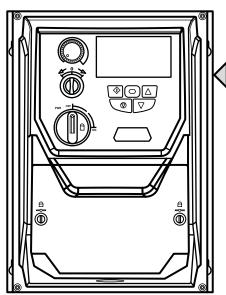
All Optidrive P2 models carry a rating label, which can be located as follows:



On right hand side when viewed from the front.







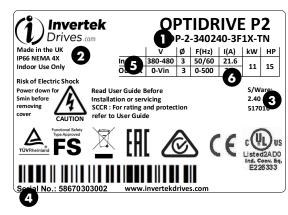
On right hand side when viewed from the front.



2.3. Understanding the Rating Label

The product rating label provides the following information.

KeyModel CodeEnclosure Type and IP RatingFirmware VersionFirmware VersionSerial NumberFirechnical Data – Supply VoltageFirechnical Data – Maximum
continuous output current



2.4. Drive Model Numbers - IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown from section 3.5.1. IP20 Units on page 12. Electrical Specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

		200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Inp	out		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22075-1KF42-SN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-1HF42-SN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-1KF42-SN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-1HF42-SN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-1KF42-SN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-1HF42-SN	3	10.5	2
		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22075-3KF42-SN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF42-SN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-3KF42-SN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF42-SN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-3KF42-SN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF42-SN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040-3KF42-SN	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF42-SN	5	18	3
ODP-2-32055-3KF42-SN	5.5	ODP-2-32075-3HF42-SN	7.5	24	3
ODP-2-42075-3KF42-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF42-MN	10	30	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF42-MN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF42-MN	15	46	4
ODP-2-52150-3KF42-MN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF42-MN	20	60	5
ODP-2-52185-3KF42-MN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF42-MN	25	72	5
ODP-2-62022-3KF42-MN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF42-MN	30	90	6A
ODP-2-62030-3KF42-MN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF42-MN	40	110	6A
ODP-2-62037-3KF42-MN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF42-MN	50	150	6B
ODP-2-62045-3KF42-MN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF42-MN	60	180	6B

X

		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-24075-3KF42-SN	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF42-SN	1	2.2	2
ODP-2-24150-3KF42-SN	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF42-SN	2	4.1	2
ODP-2-24220-3KF42-SN	2.2	ODP-2-24030-3HF42-SN	3	5.8	2
ODP-2-24400-3KF42-SN	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF42-SN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34055-3KF42-SN	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF42-SN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34075-3KF42-SN	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF42-SN	10	18	3
ODP-2-34110-3KF42-SN	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF42-SN	15	24	3
ODP-2-44150-3KF42-MN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF42-MN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF42-MN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF42-MN	25	39	4
ODP-2-44220-3KF42-MN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF42-MN	30	46	4
ODP-2-54300-3KF42-MN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF42-MN	40	61	5
ODP-2-54370-3KF42-MN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF42-MN	50	72	5
ODP-2-64045-3KF42-MN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF42-MN	60	90	6A
ODP-2-64055-3KF42-MN	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF42-MN	75	110	6A
ODP-2-64075-3KF42-MN	75	ODP-2-64100-3HF42-MN	100	150	6B
ODP-2-64090-3KF42-MN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF42-MN	150	180	6B
ODP-2-84200-3KF42-MN	200	ODP-2-84300-3HF42-MN	300	370	8
ODP-2-84250-3KF42-MN	250	ODP-2-84400-3HF42-MN	400	480	8
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-26075-3K042-SN	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H042-SN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26150-3K042-SN	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H042-SN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26220-3K042-SN	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H042-SN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26400-3K042-SN	4	ODP-2-26050-3H042-SN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26550-3K042-SN	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H042-SN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36075-3K042-SN	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H042-SN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36110-3K042-SN	11	ODP-2-36150-3H042-SN	15	17	3
ODP-2-36150-3K042-SN	15	ODP-2-36200-3H042-SN	20	22	3
ODP-2-46185-3K042-MN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H042-MN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3K042-MN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H042-MN	40	41	4
ODP-2-56370-3K042-MN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H042-MN	50	54	5
ODP-2-56045-3K042-MN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H042-MN	60	65	5
ODP-2-66055-3K042-MN	55	ODP-2-66075-3H042-MN	75	78	6A
ODP-2-66075-3K042-MN	75	ODP-2-66100-3H042-MN	100	105	6A
ODP-2-66090-3K042-MN	90	ODP-2-66125-3H042-MN	125	130	óВ
ODP-2-66110-3K042-MN	110	ODP-2-66150-3H042-MN	150	150	6B

2.5. Drive Model Numbers - IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.2. IP55 Units on page 13. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Siz
ODP-2-42055-3KF4N-TN	5.5	ODP-2-42075-3HF4N-TN	7.5	24	4
ODP-2-42075-3KF4N-TN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4N-TN	10	30	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF4N-TN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4N-TN	15	46	4
ODP-2-52150-3KF4N-TN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF4N-TN	20	60	5
ODP-2-52185-3KF4N-TN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF4N-TN	25	72	5
ODP-2-62022-3KF4N-TN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF4N-TN	30	90	6
ODP-2-62030-3KF4N-TN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF4N-TN	40	110	6
ODP-2-62037-3KF4N-TN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF4N-TN	50	150	6
ODP-2-62045-3KF4N-TN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF4N-TN	60	180	6
odp-2-72055-3KF4N-TN	55	ODP-2-72075-3HF4N-TN	75	202	7
ODP-2-72075-3KF4N-TN	75	ODP-2-72100-3HF4N-TN	100	240	7
		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Siz
ODP-2-44110-3KF4N-TN	11	ODP-2-44150-3HF4N-TN	15	24	4
odp-2-44150-3kf4n-tn	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4N-TN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF4N-TN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4N-TN	25	39	4
odp-2-44220-3KF4N-TN	22	odp-2-44300-3hf4n-tn	30	46	4
ODP-2-54300-3KF4N-TN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF4N-TN	40	61	5
odp-2-54370-3KF4N-TN	37	odp-2-54050-3hf4n-tn	50	72	5
ODP-2-64045-3KF4N-TN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF4N-TN	60	90	6
odp-2-64055-3kF4N-tn	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF4N-TN	75	110	6
ODP-2-64075-3KF4N-TN	75	ODP-2-64100-3HF4N-TN	100	150	6
ODP-2-64090-3KF4N-TN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF4N-TN	150	180	6
odp-2-74110-3kf4n-tn	110	ODP-2-74175-3HF4N-TN	175	202	7
ODP-2-74132-3KF4N-TN	132	ODP-2-74200-3HF4N-TN	200	240	7
ODP-2-74160-3KF4N-TN	160	ODP-2-74250-3HF4N-TN	250	302	7
		480-525V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Siz
ODP-2-75132-3K04N-TN	132			185	7
ODP-2-75150-3K04N-TN	150			205	7
ODP-2-75185-3K04N-TN	185			255	7
ODP-2-75200-3K04N-TN	200			275	7
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Siz
ODP-2-46150-3K04N-TN	15	ODP-2-46200-3H04N-TN	20	22	4
ODP-2-46185-3K04N-TN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H04N-TN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3K04N-TN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H04N-TN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3K04N-TN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H04N-TN	40	41	4
ODP-2-56370-3K04N-TN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H04N-TN	50	54	5
ODP-2-56450-3K04N-TN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H04N-TN	60	65	5
ODP-2-66055-3K04N-TN	55	ODP-2-66075-3H04N-TN	75	78	6
ODP-2-66075-3K04N-TN	75	ODP-2-66100-3H04N-TN	100	105	6
ODP-2-66090-3K04N-TN	90	ODP-2-66125-3H04N-TN	125	130	6
ODP-2-66110-3K04N-TN	110	ODP-2-66150-3H04N-TN	150	150	6

2.6. Drive Model Numbers - IP66

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.3. IP66 Units on page 14. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

		200-2	40V ±10% - 1 Phase	e Input			
kW M	Nodel		НР М	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-22075- 1KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22075- 1KF4Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-22010- 1HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22010- 1HF4Y-TN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150- 1 KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22150- 1 KF4Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4Y-TN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220- 1 KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22220- 1 KF4Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-22030- 1 HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22030- 1 HF4Y-TN	3	10.5	2
		200-2	40V ±10% - 3 Phase	e Input			
kW M	Nodel		HP M	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-22075- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22075- 3KF4Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-22010- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22010- 3HF4Y-TN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22150- 3KF4Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4Y-TN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-22220- 3KF4Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4Y-TN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-32040- 3KF4Y-TN	4	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4Y-TN	5	18	3
		380-4	80V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input			
kW M	Nodel		HP N	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-24075- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24075- 3KF4Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-24010- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24010- 3HF4Y-TN	1	2.2	2
ODP-2-24150- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24150- 3KF4Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-24020- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24020- 3HF4Y-TN	2	4.1	2
ODP-2-24220- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24220- 3KF4Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-24030- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24030- 3HF4Y-TN	3	5.8	2
ODP-2-24400- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-24400- 3KF4Y-TN	4	ODP-2-24050- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-24050- 3HF4Y-TN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34055- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-34055- 3KF4Y-TN	5.5	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4Y-TN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34075- 3KF4X-TN	ODP-2-34075- 3KF4Y-TN	7.5	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4X-TN	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4Y-TN	10	18	3
		500-6	00V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input			
kW M	Nodel		HP N	Nodel		Output	Frame
Non Switched	Switched	kW	Non Switched	Switched	HP	Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-26075- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26075- 3K04Y-TN	0.75	ODP-2-26010- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26010- 3H04Y-TN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26150- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26150- 3K04Y-TN	1.5	ODP-2-26020- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26020- 3H04Y-TN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26220- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26220- 3K04Y-TN	2.2	ODP-2-26030- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26030- 3H04Y-TN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26400- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26400- 3K04Y-TN	4	ODP-2-26050- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26050- 3H04Y-TN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26550- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-26550- 3K04Y-TN	5.5	ODP-2-26075- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-26075- 3H04Y-TN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36075- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-36075- 3K04Y-TN	7.5	ODP-2-36100- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-36100- 3H04Y-TN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36110- 3K04X-TN	ODP-2-36110- 3K04Y-TN	11	ODP-2-36150- 3H04X-TN	ODP-2-36150- 3H04Y-TN	15	17	3

3

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- The Optidrive must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units), 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) and 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 10.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

3.3. UL Compliant Installation

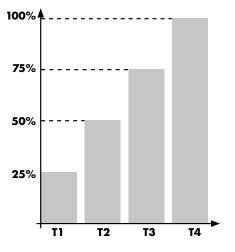
Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 & IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 10.3. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 71.

3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

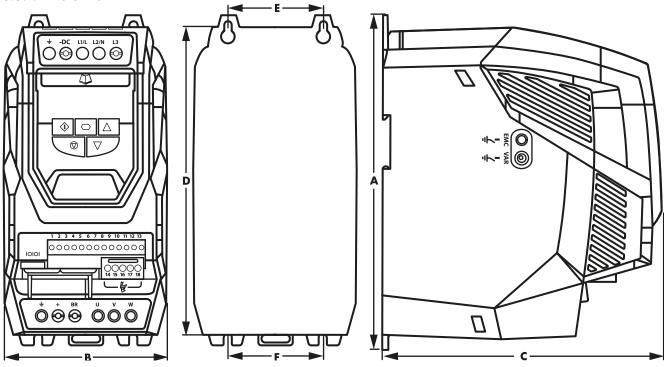
Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.



Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour			N/	Ά		
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

3.5.1. IP20 Units

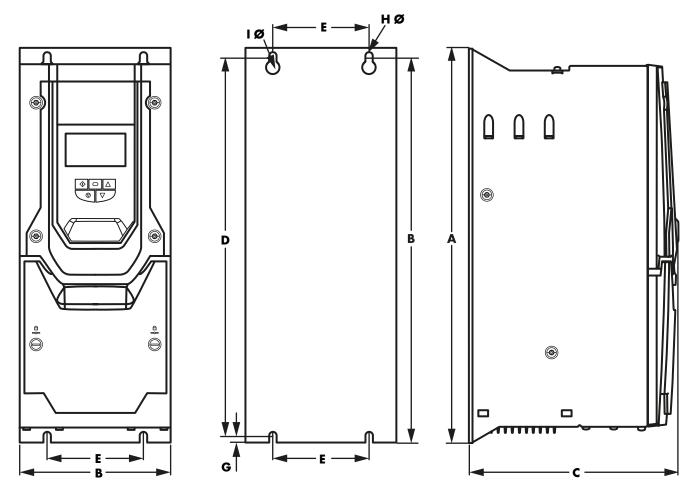


Drive	e A B		A B C D		E		F		Weight					
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	160	6.30	240	9.45	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	222	8.74	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	578	22.75	200	7.87	200	7.87	32	70.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	680	26.77	225	8.85	225	8.85	43	94.8

Λ	Mounting Bolts Tightening Torques					
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Require	d Torque
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in
3	M4	#8		2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in
4	M8	5/16		4	2 Nm	18 lb-in
5	M8	5/16	Power Terminals	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-ir
6A	M8	#8		6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft
6B	M 10	5/16		6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft

NOTE

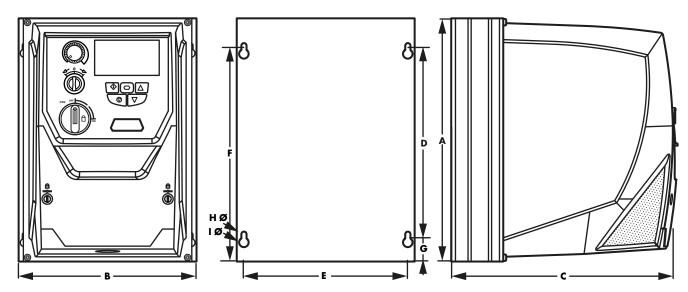
*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.



Drive		4		3				D		-		-		3	Н	ø	I	Ø	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	433	17.05	8	0.31	8.50	0.34	15	0.60	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	515	20.28	175	6.89	520	20.47	8	0.31	8.50	0.34	15	0.60	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	330	12.99	830	32.68	200	7.87	840	33.07	10	0.39	11	0.44	22	0.86	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	360	14.17	1245	49.02	200	7.87	1255	49.41	10	0.39	11	0.44	22	0.86	89	196.2

Mounting Bolts									
Frame Size Metric UNF									
4	M8	#8							
5	M8	#8							
6	M 10	5/16							
7	M 10	5/16							

Tightening Torques										
Frame Size Required Torque										
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in							
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in							
Davisa Tamia ala	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in							
Power Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft							
	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft							



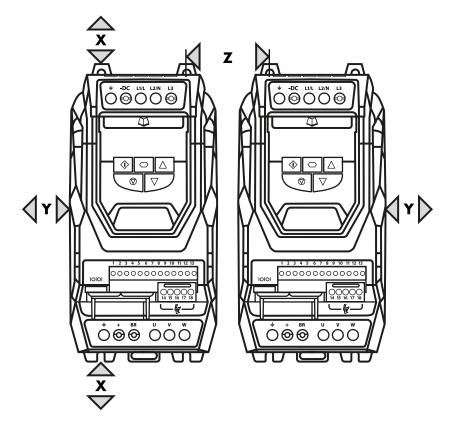
Drive		4	:	3	(:	D		E		F		C	3	Н	ø	I	ø	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	239	9.41	200	7.87	178	7.01	220	8.66	29	1.12	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	211	8.29	266	10.47	252	9.90	200	7.87	277	10.89	33	1.31	4.2	0.17	8.5	0.33	7.7	16.8

	Mounting Bolts			Tightening Torques						
Frame Size	Metric	UNF		Frame Size	Require	d Torque				
2	M4	#8	Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in				
3	M4	#8	Power Terminals	2&3	1 Nm	9 lb-in				

3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size		K & Below		Y r Side		Z veen	Recommended airflow	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/min	CFM
2	75	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
8	300	11.81	100	3.94			20	705

NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

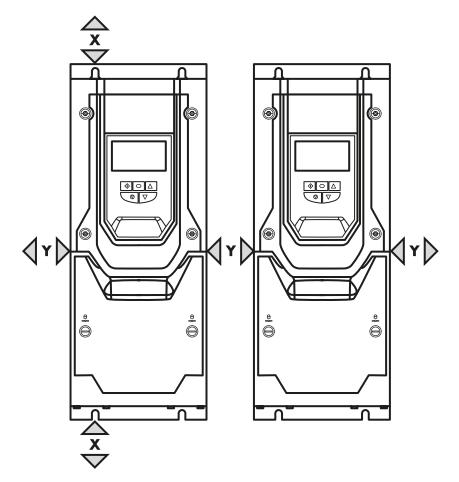
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
 - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling.
 - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive.
 - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable M5 mounting screws.
 - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
 - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first.
 - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail.
 - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail.
 - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 68.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number
 and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to
 be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



	X -Above	e & Below	Y –Either Side		
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	
5	200	7.87	10	0.39	
6	200	7.87	10	0.39	
7	200	7.87	10	0.39	

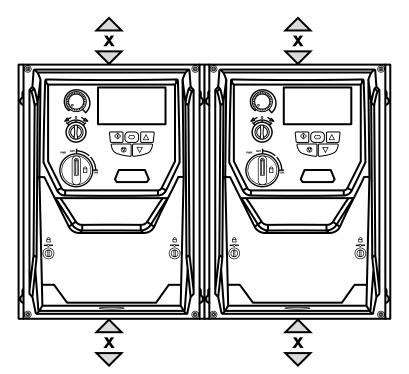
NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown above. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



Drive	X Drive Above & Below Size			Cable Gland Sizes						
Size	mm	in	Frame	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables				
2	200	7.87	2	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG 13.5)				
3	200	7.87	3	M25 (PG21)	M25 (PG21)	M20 (PG13.5)				

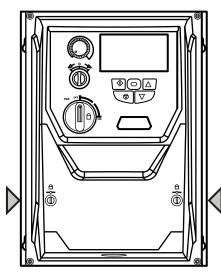
NOTE

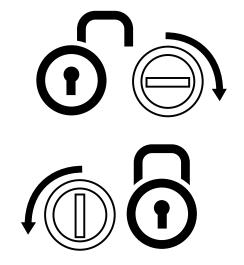
Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.10. Removing the Terminal Cover

3.10.1. Frame Sizes 2 & 3

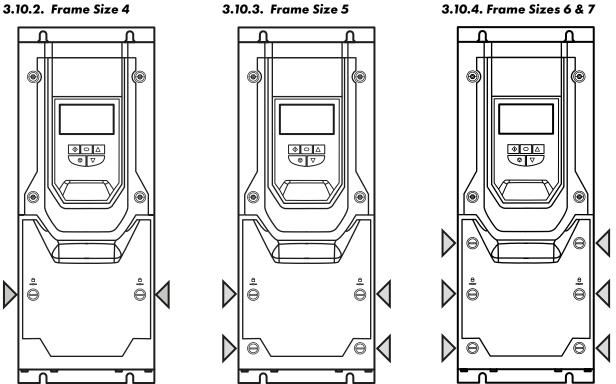




Terminal Cover Release Screws

Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate retaining screws indicated by arrows until the screw slot is vertical.

3.10.3. Frame Size 5



3.11. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

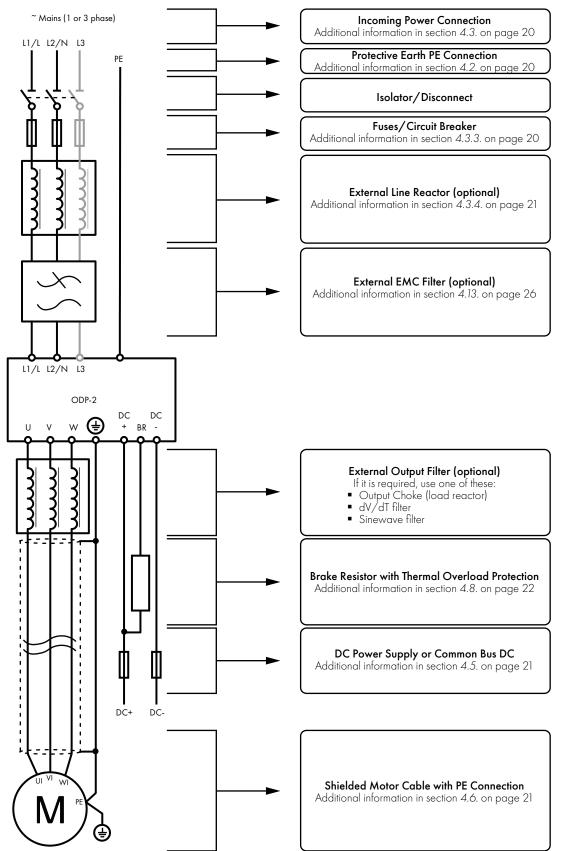
- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

4.1. Connection Diagram

All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 - 4 units have AC/DC power input located at the top with the motor and brake resistor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.

4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- Individual device should be used for each Optidrive.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 26.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

4.3.1. Suitability

All Optidrive P2 models are designed for use on a single phase or balanced three phase supply depending on the model. For all models and ratings when working with an IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase to earth voltage may exceed the phase to phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), the internal EMC filter and surge protection must be disconnected before connecting the supply. Refer to section 10.5. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure on page 72 for further information.

For three phase supply models, a maximum of 3% imbalance is allowed between phases.

4.3.2. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase ac supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For a DC Supply, the main power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase ac supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important. Neutral connection is not required.

For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.10. Control Terminal Connections on page 24.

- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive and the main Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions for each drive model are given in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.

4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 68.
- The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- The Optidrive provides thermal and short circuit protection for the connected motor and motor cable.

4.3.4. Optional Input Choke

An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:

- The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
- The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
- An unbalanced supply system is used (3 phase drives) where the voltage levels during on load operation exceed the designed 3% capacity of the Optidrive.
- The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).

In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

4.4. Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of Optidrive P2 allows all drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number ODP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps.

The supply must be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

4.5. Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus

Optidrive P2 models provide terminals to directly connect to the DC Bus for applications which require this. For further information on using the DC Bus connections, please refer to your Invertek Drives sales Partner.

4.6. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors
 which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the
 quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit
 whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required
 to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the
 drive is running.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.

The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals to provide a low impedance path for common mode leakage current to return to the drive. This is best achieved in practice by using a cable with suitable shielding which provides a low impedance path at high frequencies, and ensuring correct, low impedance earth bonding of the motor cable at both ends. For further information, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 26.

4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400		
400 / 460	400 / 690	Delta A	
575	575 / 1000		
400	230 / 400	Star	
575	330 / 575	۸. ۱	

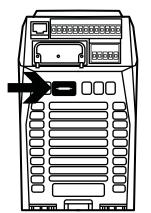
4.8. Connecting a Brake Resistor

Optidrive P2 units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all models. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR terminals of the drive. These terminals are shrouded, and the shrouding should be removed to access the terminals.

4.8.1. IP20 Drive Models

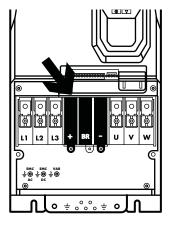
Frame Sizes 2, 3, 4 & 5

Remove the plastic cover from the base of the drive as indicated.



Frame Sizes 6a/ 6b

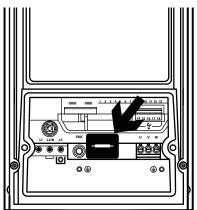
Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.



4.8.2. IP55 & IP66

All frame sizes

Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.

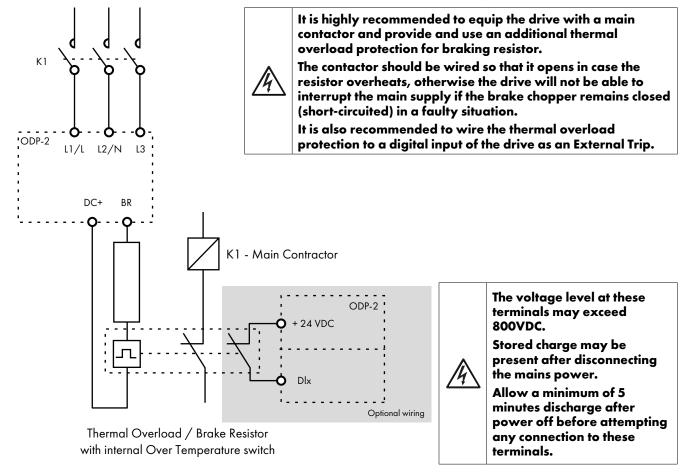


The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section 6.2. Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters on page 35 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection of the brake resistor, the following settings are required:

- Set P1-14 = 201.
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms).
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW).

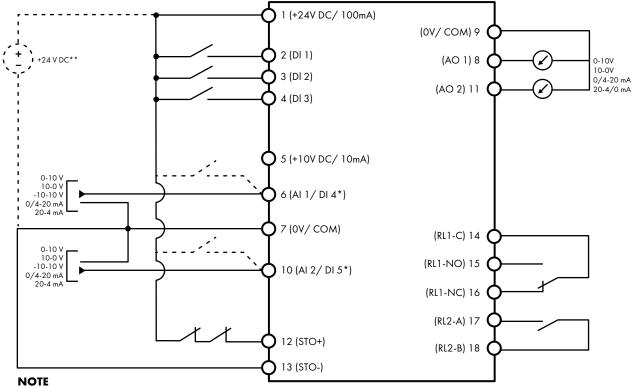
Dynamic Brake Resistor with Thermal Overload Protection



4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm² / 30 12 AWG.

4.9.1. Control Connections



* Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs in digital mode

** Optional external 24 V DC power supply

			Default	Function	6	
		Кеу	Open	Closed	Sec.	Page
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output	On-board +24V D or External 2	C Supply (100mA) 4V DC Input	4.10.1	24
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	run	4.10.2	24
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	forward	REVERS	4.10.2	24
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	P1-12 Reference	Preset Speeds	4.10.2	24
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board +10V D	C Supply (10 mA)		
6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Refere	nce 1 (0-10V)	4.10.3	24
7	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Spe	ed (0-10V)	4.10.4	24
9	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	P2-01 Speed Ref.	P2-02 Speed Ref.	4.10.3	24
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Curr	ent (0-10V)	4.10.4	24
12	STO+	STO + 24V DC Connection	InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	27
13	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection		Kun remm	4.14	27
14	RL1-COM	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	25
15	rl1-no	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Healthy	Drive Faulty	4.10.5	25
16	rl1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Faulty	Drive Healthy	4.10.5	25
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stepped	Drive Pupping	4.10.5	25
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	25

NOTE Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30V DC (30 V DC max) Analog Outputs: 0 – 10 Volt / 4-20mA (20mA max) SAFE TORQUE OFF input: Logic High = 18-30 Vdc (Also refer to section 4.14. Safe Torque Off)

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4.10. Control Terminal Connections

Exsample connection schematics are provided in section 7.3. Example Connection Schematics on page 42.

4.10.1. +24VDC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24VDC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24VDC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 38.

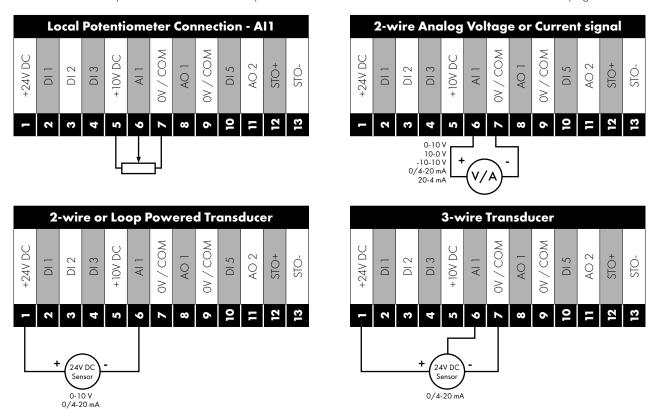
4.10.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 45.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section *7*. Control Terminal Functions on page 38.



4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 – 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 – 20mA, 4 – 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 45.

Electrical Installation

4.10.5. Auxiliary Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 6A at 230 VAC or 5A at 30VDC.

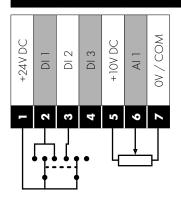
Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact. The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 45.

4.11. IP66 Switched Version Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring

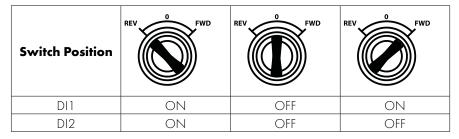
Optidrive P2 is optionally available with an integrated mains disconnect / isolator and front mounted control switch and potentiometer. This allows the drive to be operated directly from the front control panel, whilst also providing for options such as Hand / Auto or Local / Remote Control etc.

The built in switch and pot are wired inside the terminal cover directly to the user control terminals as shown in the diagram below. These connections may be disconnected by the user if they are not required.

Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring



The control switch activates the first two digital inputs as follows:



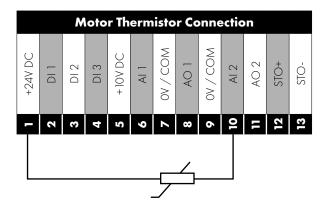
4.12. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.12.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive P2 has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 150% of FLC. This level may be adjusted using P4-07. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P1-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:

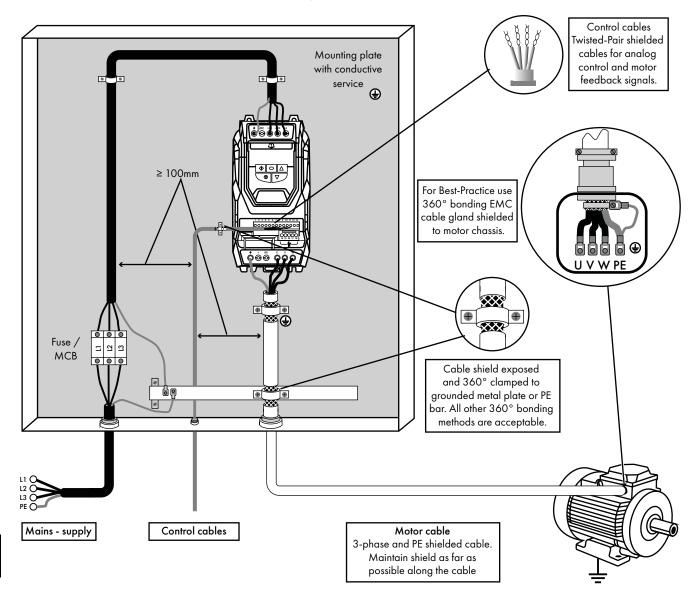


Additional Information

- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has Input 5 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section 7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 40 for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

4.13. EMC Compliant Installation

4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance



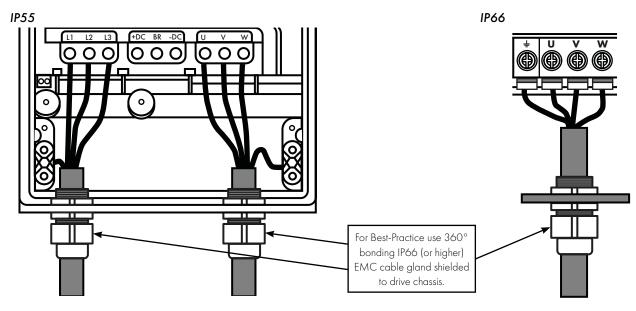
4.13.2. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C 1 ⁶⁷⁸	Shielded ¹	Shielded ^{1,5}		1M / 5M°
C2 ⁸	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1, 5}	Shielded ⁴	5M / 25M°
C3 ⁸	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M°

- ^{1.} A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ^{2.} A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- ^{3.} A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- ^{4.} A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.

- ^{5.} The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.
- ^{6.} 230 Volt, 1 phase input drives using internal EMC filter. Other models require external EMC filter.
- ⁷ Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- ^{8.} EMC categories for drives with internal filter EMC filter and rated voltage less than 480 Volts. For other drives, additional EMC filtering is required.
- ^{9.} Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.





4.14. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

4.14.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

4.14.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.¹

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.²

The drive has the "STO" function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail-safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs
	PL (Performance Level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1	4525a	3
	SILCL			
EN 62061	SILCL 2			

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 10.1. Environmental.

4.14.3. What STO Does Not Provide

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

¹**NOTE** The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO" inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).

²**NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of a multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

4.14.4. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

Drive Display

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "**InHibit**".

NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit".

Drive Output Relay

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

"STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"Sto-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

4.14.6. "STO" Function Response Time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

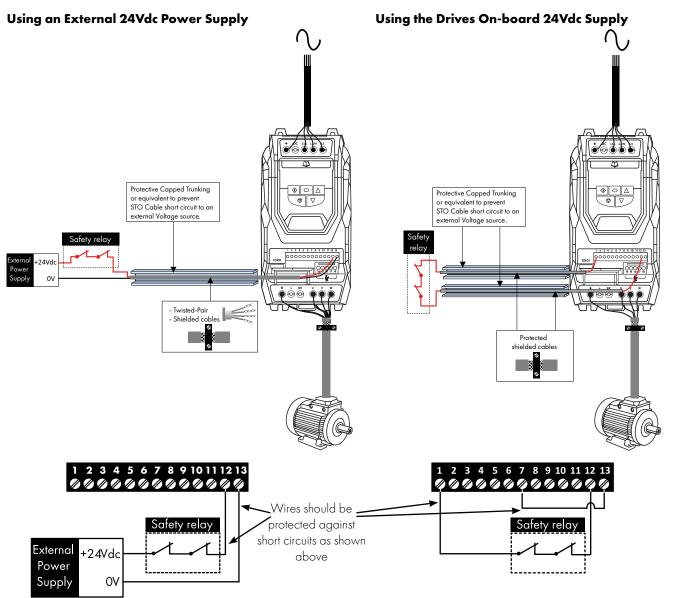
4.14.7. "STO" Electrical Installation

The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance on page 26 should also be followed.

The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24Vdc signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24Vdc on the drive or from an External 24Vdc power supply.

4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring



NOTE The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

4.14.9. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24Vdc
STO Logic High	18-30Vdc (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

4.14.10. Safety Relay Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards in which the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30Vdc
Switching Current	100mA

4.14.11. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

4.14.12. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following tests:

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display ""InHibit").
 - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
 - o Check that the drive displays "Inhibt" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section and section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.

4.14.13. "STO" Function Maintenance

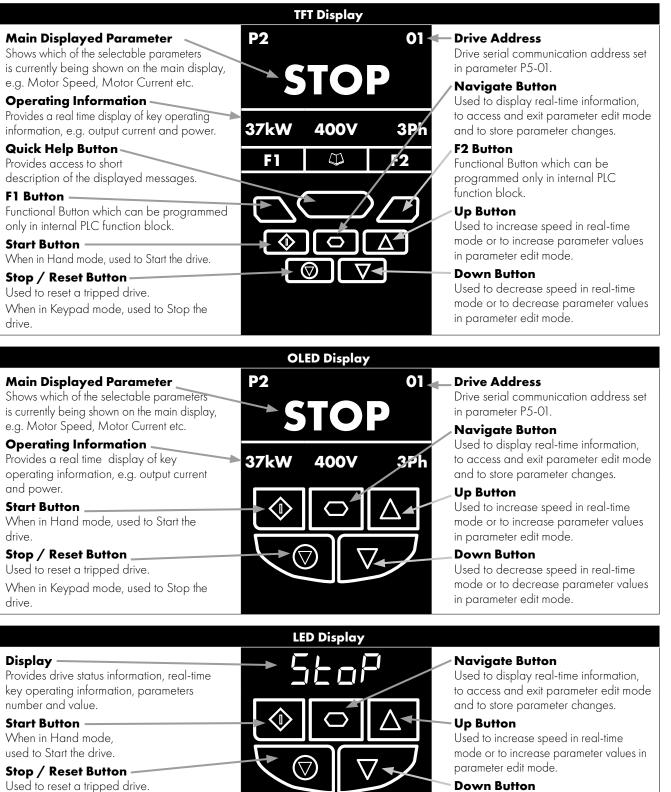
The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work. If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 74 for further guidance.

5. Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

5.1. Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.



Down Button

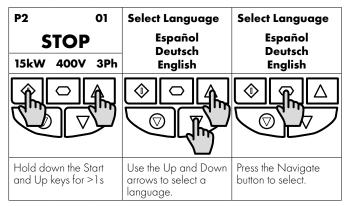
Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.

5

Stop the drive.

When in Keypad mode, used to

5.2. Selecting the Language on the TFT and OLED Display



5.2.1. Operating Displays

Inhibit / STO Active	Drive Stopped	Drive Running Output Frequency Display	Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display
LED Display :					
l nh ibb	StoP	H 50.0	E.S R	P 1.50	ISOO
TFT and OLED Disp	lay:				
P2 01	P2 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01
INHIBIT	STOP	23.7Hz	15.3A	6.9kW	718rpm
15kW 400V 3Ph	15kW 400V 3Ph	15.3A 6.9kW	6.9kW 23.7Hz	23.7Hz 15.3A	23.7Hz 15.3A
$\bigcirc \bigcirc \triangle$	O	$\bigcirc \mathbb{R} \bigtriangleup$	$\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}$	$\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}$	$\mathbb{A}_{\mathbb{R}}^{\mathbb{A}}$
Drive Inhibited. The STO connections are not made. Refer to section 4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring on page 29.	Drive Stopped / Disabled.	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative displays.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW).	If P1-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM).

5.3. Additional Display Messages

Auto Tuning in Progress	External 24VDC Supply	Overload Switching Frequency Reduction		Mains Loss	Maintenance Time Elapsed
LED Display :					
AULo-L	EEL-24	H 500	Not Indicated	Not Indicated	Not Indicated
TFT and OLED Disp	lay :				
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	OL 23.7Hz	SF↓ 23.7Hz	ML 23.7Hz	Х 23.7Hz
	External 24V mode	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW
$\textcircled{O} \Box$	O	O	$\textcircled{O} \Box$	$\textcircled{O} \Box$	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \triangle$
$\bigcirc \nabla$	$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown$	$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown$	$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown$	$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown$	$\bigcirc \bigtriangledown$
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 51.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08.	Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.	The incoming mains power supply has been disconnected or is missing.	The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.

5.4. Changing Parameters

LED Display :					
StoP	P I- D I	P I-08	E.S R	P I-08	StoP
TFT and OLED Disp	lay :				
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Stop	P1-01	P1-08	30.0A ‡	P1-08	Stop
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	30.0A	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph
$\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}$	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	$\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}$		$\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}$	$\langle \mathbf{r} \Delta \rangle$
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the up and down keys to select the required parameter.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys. Drives with	Press for < 1 second to return to the parameter menu.	Press for > 2 seconds to return to the operating display.
	Drives with OLED display will show the present parameter value on the lower line of the display.		OLED display will show the maximum and minimum possible settings on the lower line of the display.		

5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

Optidrive P2 provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the defaul parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to reload the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

Factory Paramet	er Reset, LED Display	:	User Parameter Re	eset, LED Display :	
StoP	P-dEF	StoP	StoP	U- dEF	StoP
Factory Paramet	er Reset, TFT and OLE	D Display :	User Parameter Re	eset, TFT and OLED D	isplay :
P2 0	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Stop	P-Def	Stop	Stop	U-Def	Stop
15kW 400V 3P	h 50.0Hz	15kW 400V 3Ph	P1-08 ↑30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A	15kW 400V 3Ph
	$] \textcircled{O} \Box$	$\textcircled{O} \Box$	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigtriangleup$	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \triangle$
Press and hold the Up Down, Start and Stop keys for >2s.		The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults.	Press and hold the Up, Down and Stop keys for >2s.	The display shows U-Def. Briefly press the Stop key.	The display returns to Stop. All parameters are reset to Factory defaults.

5.6. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

Optidrive P2 has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 74.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

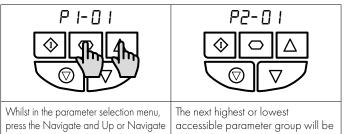
- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12 = 4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1-12 = 6, reset via CAN.

5.7. Keypad Short Cuts

The following short cuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

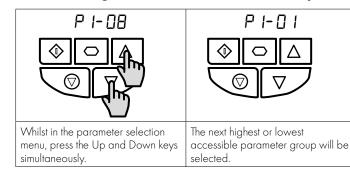
5.7.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 8. Extended Parameters on page 45), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.

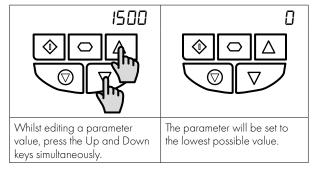


and Down keys simultaneously. selected.

5.7.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group



5.7.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value



5.7.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500RPM, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.

Whilst editing a parameter value, press the Stop and Navigate keys simultaneously.	The cursor will step one digit to the left. Repeating the key press will move another digit to the left.	The individual digit value may be adjusted using the up and down keys.	Adjust the value using the Up and Down keys.	When the cursor reaches the highest accessible digit, pressing Stop and Navigate will return the cursor to the right most digit.	key to return to the

6.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive P2 Parameter set consists of 10 groups as follows:

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters
- Group 6 Advanced Options
- Group 7 Advanced Motor Control
- Group 8 Application Parameters
- Group 9 Advanced I/O Selection

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, the access code must be changed as follows.

P1-14 = P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1 - 5 can be accessed, along with the first 50 parameters in Group 0.

P1-14 = P6-30 (Default setting = 201). With this setting, all parameters are accessible.

6.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

The basic parameter group allows the user to:

- Enter the motor nameplate information
 - o P1-07 = Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 = Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 = Motor Rated Frequency
 - o P1-10 = (Optionally) Motor Rated Speed
- Define the operating speed limits
 - o P1-01 = Maximum Frequency or Speed
 - o P1-02 = Minimum Frequency or Speed
- Define the acceleration and deceleration times used when starting and stopping the motor, or changing speed
 - o P1-03 = Acceleration Time
 - o P1-04 = Deceleration Time
- Select where the drive should receive it's command signals from, and determine what functions are associated with the drive control terminal inputs
 - o P1-12 Selects the control source
 - o P1-13 Assigns the functions to the digital inputs

These parameters will often provide enough functions to allow the user to complete basic commissioning in simple applications. The parameters are described more fully below.

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P1-01	Maximum Frequency / Speed Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm
	Maximum output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or If P1 - 10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm.	rpm.			
P1-02	Minimum Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P1-01	20.0	Hz / Rpm
	Minimum speed limit – Hz or rpm. If P1 - 10 >0, the value entered / displayed is in Rpm.				
P1-03	Acceleration Ramp Time	See	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds
	Acceleration ramp time from 0 to base speed (P1-09) in FS2 & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.01 Seconds R FS4 – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Setting, 0.1 Seconds R	Resolution, 600.0 S			

ar.	Des	cription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P1-04	Deceleration Ramp Time			See Below 5.0 / 10.0 Seco				
	activ FS2	eleration ramp time from base rated. & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default S – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default	Setting, 0.01 Seconds R	esolution, 600.0 Se	econds Maximum.		time without trip	
P1-05	_	p Mode		0	3	0	-	
	0	Ramp				to stop, with the rate e transistor (where f		
	1	Coast	When the enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the m will coast (freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the d may possibly be re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26 should be enabled. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disabled.					
	2	Ramp, brake chopper enabled	When the enable P1-04 as describ	signal is removed, ed above. The Opt	the drive will ramp idrive Brake chopp	to stop, with the rat per is also enabled	e controlled by in this mode.	
	3	Coast, brake chopper enabled	will coast (freewh may possibly be r 26) should be en	eel) to stop. If the la e-enabled whilst th abled. The drive bra n required during a	bad can continue t ne motor is still rota ake chopper is end	immediately disable to rotate due to inert ting, the spin start fu abled in this mode, f ve frequency setpoin	ia, and the driv nction (P2- nowever it will	
	4	AC Flux Braking	As Option 0, but torque.	additionally, AC Flu	ux braking is used t	to increase the avail	able braking	
P1-06	Ene	rgy Optimiser		0	1	0	-	
	0	Disabled			1			
	1	Enabled	the drive and mot applied to the mo the drive may ope	or when operating tor is reduced. The	at constant speed Energy Optimiser	ce the overall energ s and light loads. Th is intended for appl nstant speed and lig	e output voltage ications where	
P1-07	Mo	tor Rated Voltage / kE	Driv	e Rating Depe	ndent	Volts		
	This	parameter should be set to the	rated (nameplate) volt	e) voltage of the motor.				
P1-08	Mo	tor Rated Current		Driv	e Rating Depe	ndent	Amps	
	This	parameter should be set to the	rated (nameplate) cur	late) current of the motor.				
P1-09	Mo	tor Rated Frequency		10	500	50 (60)	Hz	
	This parameter should be set to the rated (nameplate) freq			luency of the motor				
P1-10	Mo	tor Rated Speed		0	30000	0	RPM	
	relat nam spee NO	parameter can optionally be s ed parameters are displayed i eplate enables the slip compe ed related parameters, such as TE When the drive is operated eplate Rpm of the connected r	n Hz, and the slip com nsation function, and th Minimum and Maximu I with the optional Encc	pensation for the m e Optidrive display um Speed, Preset S	otor is disabled. Er v will now show ma peeds etc. will also	ntering the value from otor speed in estima o be displayed in Rp	m the motor ted rpm. All pm.	
P1-11		ost Voltage		0.0	Drive Ratin	g Dependent	%	
	Volto	age boost is used to increase the second sec			quencies, in order	to improve low spe		

Par.	Des	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P1-12	Pri	mary Command Source		0	6	0	-			
	0	Terminal Control	The drive respond	s directly to signals	applied to the con	trol terminals.				
	1	Keypad control - uni-directional	The drive can be a Keypad.	controlled in the for	ward direction only	using an external	or remote			
	2	Keypad control - bi-directional		controlled in the for ressing the keypad						
	3	PID Control	The output frequer	ncy is controlled by	the internal PID co	ntroller.				
	4	Fieldbus Mode	Control via Modb the fieldbus option	Control via Modbus RTU if no fieldbus interface option is present, otherwise control is from the fieldbus option module interface.						
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts as a	e drive acts as a Slave to a connected Optidrive operating in Master Mode.						
	6	CANopen Mode	Control via CAN	bus connected to th	ne RJ45 serial interf	ace connector.				
P1-13	Dig	ital Input Function		0	21	1	-			
		nes the function of the digital inp e information.	outs depending on the co	ontrol mode setting i	n P1-12. See sectio	n 7.1. Control Sour	ce Selection for			
P1-14	Ext	ended Menu Access		0	30000	0	-			
	Parc	Parameter Access Control. The following settings are applicable:								
	P1-	14 = P2-40 = 101 : Allows acc	ess to Extended Parame	eter Groups 0 – 5						
		14 = P6-30 = 201 = Allows ac r Guide).	cess to all parameter gr	oups (Intended for	experienced users	only, usage is not a	described in this			

7. Control Terminal Functions

For standard applications and operation, the basic control of the drive and functions of all drive input terminals can be configured using just two parameters, P1-12 and P1-13. P1-12 is used to define the source of all control commands and the primary speed reference source. P1-13 then allows fast selection of Analog and Digital Input functions based on a selection table.

7.1. Control Source Selection

7.1.1. P1-12 Function

P1-12 is used to select the main control source of the drive and the main speed reference according to the following table:

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Reference	Notes
0	Terminal Control	Terminals	Analog Input 1	All control signals are applied to the control terminals. Functions are determined by P1-13 Macro setting.
1	Keypad Control	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	When keypad mode is selected, the default operation of the drive requires the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used to control the drive.
2	Keypad Control	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	This can be changed using P2-37 to allow the drive to be started from Digital Input 1 directly.
3	PID Control	Terminals	PID Output	Enable / Disable control of the drive is through the drive control terminal strip. Output frequency is set by the output of the PI Controller.
4	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Control of the drive operation is through a fieldbus option module mounted in the drive option slot. If no option module is fitted, control is through the Modbus RTU interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
5	Slave Mode	Master Drive	From Master	Optidrive P2 provides an inbuilt Master / Slave function. A single drive acts as the Master, and connected Slave drives will mimic the starting and stopping, along with the following the output frequency, with any scaling applied. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
6	CAN Open	CAN Open	CAN	Control of the drive operation is through the CAN Open Interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

7.1.2. Overview

Optidrive P2 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

P1-12 - Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.

P1-13 – Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P2-30 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-33 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-36 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P2-37 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

The diagrams opposite provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

7.1.3. Macro Function Guide

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive.
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained.
FWD U	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD.
REVU	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE.
RUN FWD U	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP.
RUN REV Ú	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP.
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P2-37 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START 1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
STOPJ	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive.
START JFWD U	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
START 1 REV	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^-FAST STOP (P2-25)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
FAST STOP] (P2-25)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing <i>E-Lr IP</i> or <i>PLc-Lh</i> depending on P2-33 setting. See section 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection on page 25 for further information.
Analog Input Al 1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P2-30.
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P2-33.
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference.
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference.
P2-OX REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P2-01 – P2-08 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference.
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
INC SPD↑	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P1-12 setting).
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function.
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function.
DECEL P1-04	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 1 (P1-04) is used.
DECEL P8-11	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 2 (P8-11) is used (Requires Advanced Parameter Access, see section 6.1. Parameter Set Overview on page 35.

7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13		DI1		DI2	D	013		AI1 / DI4	AI2	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	(0	1
0						Jser defined				-
1	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01	An	alog Input Al 1	P2-01	P2-02
2	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV U	DI3	DI4		DI5		Speed
_					0	0		0		1 REF
					1	0		0		2 REF
					0	1		0		3 REF
					1	1		0		4 REF
					0	0		1		5 REF
					1	0		1	P2-0	6 REF
					0	1		1		7 REF
					1]		1		8 REF
3	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	An	alog Input Al 1	Analog	nput AI2
4	STOP	RUN	FWD じ	REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
5	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	AI2 REF		alog Input Al 1	Analog	nput AI2
6	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	E-TRIP	OK
7	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	D	013	DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	OK
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(Dn	Off	P2-O2 REF	-	
					(Off	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(Dn	On	P2-04 REF	1	
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ REV び		D	013	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(Dn	Off	P2-O2 REF	1	
					(Off	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(Dn	On	P2-04 REF		
9	STOP	run	FWD U	REV 🗸	D	013	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(Dn	Off	P2-02 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(Dn	On	P2-04 REF		
10	STOP	run	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD ↑	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
11	Stop	RUN FWD Ŭ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	PR-REF	An	alog Input Al 1	P2-01 REF	P2-02 REF
12	Stop	RUN FWD U	Stop	RUN REV 🗸	D	013	DI4	DI5	Preset	Speed
					(Off	Off	Off	P2-0	1 REF
						Dn	Off	Off	P2-0	2 REF
						Off	On	Off		3 REF
						Dn	On	Off		4 REF
						Off	Off	On	P2-0	5 REF
						Dn	Off	On	P2-0	6 REF
					(Off	On	On		7 REF
	_					Dn	On	On		8 REF
13	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1		nput Al2
14	Stop	RUN FWD じ	STOP	RUN REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
15	Stop	RUN FWD じ	STOP	RUN REV U	P1-12 REF	AI2-REF		alog Input Al 1		nput Al2
16	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF	An	alog Input Al 1	E-TRIP	OK

P1-13		DI1		DI2		013		AI1 / DI4	AI2	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	(0 1	0	1
17	Stop	RUN FWD U	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	L	DI3	DI4	Preset Speed	E-TRIP	OK
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(Эn	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-03 REF		
					(On	On	P2-04 REF		
18	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(Эn	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(On	On	P2-04 REF		
19	Stop	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		013	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
					(Эn	Off	P2-O2 REF		
					(Dff	On	P2-O3 REF		
					(Эn	On	P2-04 REF		
20	Stop	RUN FWD U	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD †	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
21	(NO)	START ゴ FWD じ	Stop 🤉	(NC)	(NO)	START ゴ REV び	An	alog Input Al 1	P1-12 REF	P2-01-REF

1) When P1-12 = 0 and P1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference.

7.3. Example Connection Schematics

	P1-13 Setting:		1	4	11	14	
; e	- † 1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	
 +2	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward	
+ 4 V DC*		DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse	
		DI 3	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	P1-12 Reference / PR Reference	
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	
	- 6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	
		OV / COM	OV / COM	ov / com	OV / COM	OV / COM	
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	
┢───	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	OV / COM	OV / COM	ov / com	OV / COM	ov / com	
		AI 2 / DI 5	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Preset Speed Select (P2-01 / P2-02)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	
	1	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	
		2 STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	
	1	sto-	sto-	STO-	sto-	sto-	
	P1-13 Setting		2	8	0	12	18
, e	P1-13 Setting:	+24V DC	2 +24V DC	8 +24V DC	9 +24V DC	12 +24V DC	18 +24V DC
+24 V DC*		DI 1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
 +24 V DC*		DI 1 DI 2	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward /	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse	+24V DC Run Forward	+24V DC Run Forward
+24 V DC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select
+24 VDC*		 DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC 	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O +10V DC	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O +10V DC
+24 VDC*		DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC AI 1 / DI 4 OV /	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O +10V DC Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT O +10V DC Preset Speed Select
+24 V DC*		 DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC AI 1 / DI 4 OV / COM 	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1
+24 V DC*		 DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC AI 1 / DI 4 OV / COM AO 1 	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1
+24 VDC*		 DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC AI 1 / DI 4 OV / COM AO 1 OV / COM 	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
+24 VDC*		 DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC AI 1 / DI 4 OV / COM AO 1 OV / COM AI 2 / DI 5 	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM Preset Speed Select	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM P1-12 Reference /	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM
+24 VDC*		 DI 1 DI 2 DI 3 +10V DC AI 1 / DI 4 OV / COM AO 1 OV / COM AO 1 OV / COM AO 1 AO 1 AO 1 AO 1 	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 +10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM Preset Speed Select BIT 2 Analog Output 2	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11) Analog Output 2	+24V DC Disable / Enable Forward / Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref Analog Output 2	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11) Analog Output 2	+24V DC Run Forward Run Reverse Preset Speed Select BIT 0 + 10V DC Preset Speed Select BIT 1 OV / COM Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed) OV / COM Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11) Analog Output 2

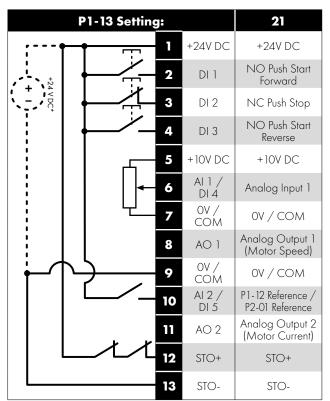


P1-13 Setting:		3	5	13	15
1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / AI 2 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / AI 2 Reference
5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
<-6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
│	0V / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
9	0V / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
10	AI 2 / DI 5	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2
11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
13	STO-	sto-	sto-	sto-	STO-

	P1-13 Setting:		6	16
; -	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
+ 22	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ 24 V DC*	-3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
	- 4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	← 6	AI 1 / DI 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
	7	0V / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	9	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com
		AI 2 / DI 5	E-trip	E-trip
	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	STO-	sto-	sto-

NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

	P1-13 Setting	j:		10	20
; e	•	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	-/+	2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ 24 V DC*		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
	-	4	DI 3	Increase Speed	Increase Speed
		5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	-	6	AI 1 / DI 4	Decrease Speed	Decrease Speed
		7	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com
		8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
╎┝┷╱┻╌		9	0V / COM	ov / com	ov / com
	\square	10	AI 2 / DI 5	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
		11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	<u>⁄</u> ⁄4	12	STO+	STO+	STO+
		13	sto-	sto-	sto-



NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

8. Extended Parameters

8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P2-01	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 1		P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-02	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 2		P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-03	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 3		P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-04	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 4		P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm		
P2-05	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 5		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-06	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 6		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-07	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 7		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-08	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 8		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
	lf P 1 - 10	peeds / Frequencies selected by a = 0, the values are entered as Hz negative value will reverse the di	. If P1-10 > 0, the values	•					
P2-09	Skip Fr	equency Center Point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm		
P2-10	Skip Fr	equency Band Width	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm			
	causes n used cor respectiv	Frequency function is used to avo nechanical resonance in a particu njunction with P2-10. The Optidriv rely, and will not hold any output f I, the Optidrive output frequency v	lar machine. Parameter P e output frequency will ra requency within the defin	2-09 defines the mp through the de ed band. If the fre	centre point of the efined band at the quency reference	e skip frequency k e rates set in P1-C	oand, and is 03 and P1-04		
P2-11	Analog	Output 1 Function (Termin	al 8)	0	11	8	-		
	Digital	Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24	IV DC						
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running).						
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.						
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.						
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the moto	r runs above zero	speed.				
	4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the moto	r speed exceeds the adjustable limit.					
	5	Motor current >=limit	Logic 1 when the moto	r current exceeds the adjustable limit.					
	6	Motor torque >= Limit	Logic when the motor to	orque exceeds the	e adjustable limit.				
	7	Analog input 2 >=limit	Logic when the signal c	applied to the And	llog Input 2 exce	eds the adjustabl	e limit.		
	to Logic	Vhen using settings 4 – 7, parame 1 when the selected signal excee ogrammed in P2-17.	ters P2-16 and P2-17 mu ds the value programmed	ust be used togeth I in P2-16, and re	er to control the k turn to Logic 0 w	pehaviour. The ou nen the signal fall:	tput will switch s below the		
	Analog) Output Mode							
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.						
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.						
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor rat	ed torque.					
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive rate	d power.					
	12	PID Output	Output from the interna	l PID Controller, C	- 100%.				
P2-12	Analog	Output 1 Format		See E	lelow	U 0- 10	-		
	U D- 10	0 to 10V							
	U 10-0	10 to OV							
	8 D-20	0-20 O to 20mA							
	8 20-0	20 to OmA							
	R 4-20	4 to 20mA							
	я 20-ч	20 to 4mA							

Par		Parameter Nar	ne	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-13	Analog	g Output 2 Function (Termi	nal 11)	0	12	9	-			
		Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2								
	0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Optic	lrive is enabled (Runnina).					
	1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault		· · · ·					
	2	At speed	Logic 1 when the output							
	3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the motor			equency.				
	4	Motor speed >= limit		speed exceeds the adjustable limit.						
		-								
	5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the motor		•					
	6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the motor to	•						
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit Logic when the signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit. When using settings 4 - 7, parameters P2-19 and P2-20 must be used together to control the behaviour. The output will switch								
	to Logic	When using settings 4 – 7, param 1 when the selected signal excer ogrammed in P2-20.	eters P2-19 and P2-20 mu eds the value programmed	ist be used toget in P2-19, and re	ner to control the turn to Logic 0 wl	behaviour. The or nen the signal fal	utput will switc s below the			
	Analog	g Output Mode								
	8	Motor speed	0 to P1-01.							
	9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.							
	10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor rat	ed torque.						
	11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive rate							
	12	PID output	Output from the interna	1) – 100%.					
2-14		g Output 2 Format			Below	U D- 10	_			
2-14		0 to 10V		000		0,00	_			
	U 10-0	10 to 0V								
	R 0-20	0 to 20mA								
	R 20-0									
		20 to 0mA 4 to 20mA								
	A 4-20									
	A 20-4	20 to 4mA		-		_				
P2-15	-	l Function		0	14	1	-			
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when							
	0	Drive running	The Optidrive is enable	d (Running).						
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip condition	on exists on the dr	ive.					
	2	At speed	Output frequency matc	hes the setpoint f	equency.					
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs above z	ero speed.						
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed excee	eds the adjustable	e limit.					
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current excee	eds the adjustabl	e limit.					
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque excee	eds the adjustable	e limit.					
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal applied to th	e Analog Input 2	exceeds the adj	ustable limit.				
	8	Reserved	No Function.							
	9	Reserved	No Function.							
	10	Maintenance due	The internally programm	nable maintenan	ce timer has elap	sed.				
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive rate							
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped, the STO circuit is closed, the mains supply is present and the hardware enable input present (Digital Input 1 unless changed by the user).							
	13	STO status	When both STO inputs are present and the drive is able to be operated.							
	14	PID error >= limit	The PID Error (differenc programmed limit.				or equal to the			
	will swite	When using settings 4 – 7 and 14 ch to Logic 1 when the selected s ne value programmed in P2-17.	l, parameters P2-16 and P gnal exceeds the value pr	2-17 must be use ogrammed in P2	ed together to cor 16, and return to	ntrol the behaviou Logic 0 when the	ur. The output e signal falls			
2-16		1 / Analog Output 1 Uppe	er Limit	P2-17	200.0	100.0	%			

ar		Parameter N	ame	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
P2-17	Relay	1 / Analog Output 1 Lov	ver Limit	0.0	P2-16	0.0	%	
	Used in	conjunction with some settings	of Parameters P2-11 & P2-15					
P2-18	Relay	2 Function		0	14	0	-	
	Setting	Function	Logic 1 when					
	0	Drive running	The Optidrive is enable	d (Running).				
	1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip conditio	n exists on the di	ive.			
	2	At speed	Output frequency match	nes the setpoint f	requency.			
	3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs above z		. ,			
	4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed excee	ds the adjustable	e limit.			
	5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current excee	•				
	6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque excee					
	7	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal applied to the			ustable limit		
	8	Hoist brake control	Enables Hoist Mode. Th				olding brako	
			Refer to your Invertek D	rives Sales Partn	er for further inform	mation.		
	9	Reserved	No Function.					
	10	Maintenance due	The internally programm	nable maintenan	ce timer has elap	sed.		
	11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive rated	d power.				
	12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped, hardware enable input	the STO circuit is present (Digital I	s closed, the main nput 1 unless cho	s supply is prese inged by the use	nt and the r).	
	13	STO status	When both STO inputs are present and the drive is able to be operated.					
	14	PID error >= limit	The PID Error (difference programmed limit.	e between setpc	int and feedback) is greater than	or equal to the	
2-19 2-20	Relay	he value programmed in P2-17 2 / Analog Output 2 Up 2 / Analog Output 2 Lov	per Limit	P2-20 0.0	200.0 P2-19	100.0 0.0	%	
2-20		conjunction with some settings			F 2-17	0.0	/0	
2-21				-30.000	30.000	0.000		
	· · ·	y Scaling Factor					-	
2-22		y Scaling Source		0	2	0	-	
	display	k P2-22 allow the user to progr conveyer speed in metres per s	econd based on the output f	requency. This fu	nction is disabled	if P2-21 is set to	0.	
	with a 'a	is set >0, the variable selected c' to indicate the customer scale	ed units.	lacior enierea in	rz-zi, ana aispi	ayea whiisi ine a	rive is running	
	P2-22	Options	Scaled Value is					
	0	Motor Speed	If P1-10 = 0, Output Fre If P1-10 > 0, Motor RPM					
	1	Motor Current	Motor Amps x Scaling	0				
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 % (PO-0		tor			
	3	P0-80 Value	PO-80 Value x Scaling I					
2-23	-	peed Holding Time		0.0	60.0	0.2	Second	
		nes the time for which the drive o	utput frequency is held at zor					
2-24		ve Switching Frequency			e Rating Depe	. ·	kHz	
	power of	power stage switching frequen and voltage rating. Higher freque pense of increased drive losses	encies reduce the audible 'ring	ging' noise from t	he motor, and imp	rove the output c	urrent wavefor	
2.25		ecel Ramp Time		0.00	240.0	0.00	Second	
P2-25				0.00		0.00	Jecond	

Par		Parameter Nam	Minimum	Maximum	n Default	Units				
P2-26	Spin St	art Enable		0	1	0	-			
	0	Disabled	Spin Start is not active. always stationary befo	This setting should re the drive is end	d be used for all c abled.	pplications where	e the motor is			
	1	Enabled	When enabled, on star rotating, and will begin observed when starting	to control the ma	otor from its curren					
	2	Enabled on trip, brown out, coast	Spin start is active only	following the liste	ed conditions, othe	erwise spin start is	disabled.			
P2-27	Standb	y Mode Timer		0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds			
	This para for great P2-27 =	imeter defines the time period, wh er than the set time period, the Op 0.0.	ereby if the drive operate tidrive output will be disc	es at the frequenc abled, and the dis	y / speed set in P splay will show 5 E	3-14 (Standby sp лdb У. The functic	peed threshold) on is disabled if			
P2-28	Slave S	peed Scaling Control		0	3	0	-			
	Active in factor or	Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) c adjusted using an analog trim or	und Slave mode (P1-12=3 offset.	5) only. The keyp	ad reference can	be multiplied by a	a preset scaling			
	0	Disabled (No Scaling)								
	1 Master Speed * P2-29									
	2 (Master Speed * P2-29) + analog input 1									
	3	(Master Speed * P2-29) *	analog input 1							
P2-29	Slave S	peed Scaling Factor		-500.0	500.0	100.0	%			
	Used in a	conjunction with P2-28.								
P2-30	Analog	Input 1 (Terminal 6) Forma	at	See	Below	U 0- 10	-			
	Setting	Signal Format								
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)								
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)								
	- 10- 10	- 10 to + 10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar)								
	A D-20 O to 20mA Signal									
	F A-50	<i>L</i> 4-20 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA								
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	will ramp to Preset Spee	d 8 (P2-08) if the	e signal level falls l	oelow 3mA				
	F 50-A	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	will trip and show the fa	fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA						
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	will ramp to Preset Spee	d 8 (P2-08) if the	e signal level falls l	pelow 3mA				
P2-31	Analog	JINPUT 1 Scaling		0.0	2000.0	100.0	%			
		ne analog input by this factor, e.g. running at maximum speed (P1-0		V, and the scaling	factor is set to 20	00.0%, a 5 volt inp	out will result in			
P2-32	Analog	Input 1 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%			
	Sets an c	offset, as a percentage of the full s	cale range of the input, v	vhich is applied to	o the analog input	signal.				
P2-33	Analog	Input 2 (Terminal 10) Form	at	See	Below	U 0- 10	-			
	Setting	Signal Format								
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)								
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)								
	Ptc-th	Motor PTC Thermistor Input								
	A 0-50	0 to 20mA Signal								
	£ 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	will trip and show the fa	ult code 4-20F i	f the signal level fo	alls below 3mA				
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive								
	£ 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	will trip and show the fa	ult code 4-20F i	f the signal level fo	alls below 3mA				
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	will ramp to Preset Spee	d 8 (P2-08) if the	e signal level falls l	oelow 3mA				
P2-34	Analog	J Input 2 Scaling		0.0	2000.0	100.0	%			
		ne analog input by this factor, e.g. running at maximum speed (P1-0		V, and the scaling	factor is set to 20	00.0%, a 5 volt inj	out will result in			

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P2-35	Analog	Input 2 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%			
	Sets an c	offset, as a percentage of the full s	cale range of the input, w	hich is applied to	the analog inpu	t signal.	1			
P2-36	Start M	ode Select / Automatic Re	start	See Below RULD-0 %						
	Defines t	he behaviour of the drive relating	to the enable digital inpu	t and also config	ures the Automati	c Restart function				
	Ed9E-r	Following Power on or reset, the on or reset to start the drive.	drive will not start if Digit	al Input 1 remains	s closed. The Inpu	ut must be closed	after a power			
	AULo-D	Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 is closed.								
	AUEo- I	Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to restart at 20 second intervals. The drive must be powered down to								
	ANF0-5	reset the counter. The numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the final attempt, the drive will fault with, and will require the user to manually reset the fault.								
	AUEo-3									
	AUEo-4									
	AULo-S									
	DANGER! "RUE o'' modes allow the drive to Auto-start, therefore the impact on system/Personnel safety needs to be considered.									
P2-37	Keypa	d Start Mode		0	3	1	-			
	This para on the ke	meter is only active when P1-12 = ypad. When settings 4 – 7 are us	= 1 or 2. When settings 0 sed, the drive starting is co	to 3 are used, the ontrolled by the e	e drive must be st nable digital inpu	arted by pressing it.	the Start key			
	0	Minimum speed, keypad start	Following a stop and re	estart, the drive w	ill always initially	run at the minimu	m speed P1-0			
	1	Previous speed, keypad start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will return to the last keypad setpoin prior to stopping.							
-	2	Current speed, keypad start	Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Remo drive will continue to op	ote control), wher	n switched to keyp	rences (typically bad mode by a c	Hand / Auto ligital input, the			
	3	Preset speed 8, keypad start	Following a stop and re	start, the Optidrive	e will always initia	lly run at Preset Sj	peed 8 (P2-08			
	4	Minimum speed, terminal start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will always initially run at the minimu							
	5	Previous speed, terminal start	Following a stop and re prior to stopping.	estart, the drive will return to the last keypad setpoint speed used						
	6	Current speed, terminal start	control or Local / Remo	s configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand / Auto note control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital input, the operate at the last operating speed.						
	7	Preset speed 8, terminal start	Following a stop and re	start, the Optidrive	e will always initia	lly run at Preset Sj	peed 8 (P2-08			
P2-38	Mains	.oss Stop / Ride Through	1	0	2	0	-			
	0	Mains Loss Ride Through	motor. Providing that the	mpt to continue operating by recovering energy from the load he mains loss period is short, and sufficient energy can be recovered of electronics power off, the drive will automatically restart on return						
	1	Coast To Stop		ediately disable the output to the motor, allowing the load to coast using this setting with high inertia loads, the Spin Start function (P2- enabled.						
	2	Fast Ramp To Stop	The drive will ramp to st	stop at the rate programmed in the 2nd deceleration time P2-25.						
	3	DC bus supply mode	This mode is intended to Bus connections. Refer t	be used when th o your Invertek So	e drive is powere ales Partner for fur	ed directly via the ther details.	+DC and –DC			
P2-39	Param	eter Lock		0	1	0	-			
	0	Unlocked	All parameters can be	accessed and ch	anged.					
	1	Locked	Parameter values can b			jed.				
		ed Menu Access Code	1	0	9999	101				

8.2. Parameter Group 3 – PID Control

8.2.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides an internal PID controller. Parameters for configuration of the PID controller are located together in Group 3. For simple applications, the user needs to only define the setpoint source (P3-05 to select the source or P3-06 for a fixed setpoint), feedback source (P3-10) and adjust the P Gain (P3-01), I time (P3-02) and optionally the differential time (P3-03).

The PID operation is uni-directional, and all signals are treated as 0 – 100% to provide a simple, intuitive operating format.

8.2.2. Parameter List

PID C in the PID I PID C PID I	Proportional Gain Controller Proportional Gain. Higher ver feedback signal. Too high a value co Integral Time Constant Controller Integral Time. Larger values Differential Time Constant Differential Time Constant. Operating Mode Direct	in cause instability.	0.0	30.0 ems where the ov	1.0	5		
in the PID I PID C PID I PID D PID 0	feedback signal. Too high a value co Integral Time Constant Controller Integral Time. Larger values Differential Time Constant Differential Time Constant. Operating Mode	in cause instability.	0.0 response for syst	30.0 ems where the ov	1.0	5		
PID C PID I PID D PID 0 0	Controller Integral Time. Larger values Differential Time Constant Differential Time Constant. Operating Mode	provide a more damped	response for syst	ems where the ov				
PID I PID D PID (0	Differential Time Constant Differential Time Constant. Operating Mode	provide a more damped			erall process resp			
PID D PID (0	ifferential Time Constant. Operating Mode		0.00		eran process reep	onds slowly		
PID (0	Operating Mode			1.00	0.00	S		
0								
	Direct		0	1	1	-		
1		Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should result in an increase in the feedback signal.						
	Inverse	Use this mode if an increase in the motor speed should result in a decrease in the feedback signal.						
PID	Reference Select		0	2	0	-		
0	Digital preset	P3-06 is used.						
1			played in PO-01 is used.					
2		Analog Input 2 as displ	ayed in PO-O2 is	used.				
	· ·		0.0	100.0	0.0	%		
from o	a transducer such as a pressure transdu	ucer or level measuremen						
PID	Output Upper Limit		P3-08	100.0	100.0	%		
Limits	the maximum value output from the PI	D controller.						
PID	Output Lower Limit		0.0	P3-07	0.0	%		
Limits	the minimum output from the PID contr							
PID	Output Limit Select		0	3	0	-		
0	Digital Output Limits	The output range of the	PID controller is I	imited by the valu	es of P3-07 & P3	-08.		
1	Upper limit set by analog input 1			imited by the valu	es of P3-08 & the	signal		
2	Lower limit set by analog input 1	The output range of the the value of P3-07.	PID controller is limited by the signal applied to Analog Input 1					
3	PID output added to analog input 1	The output value from th Analog Input 1.	e PID Controller	is added to the sp	eed reference ap	plied to the		
PID	Feedback Select		0	1	0	-		
0	Analog Input 2							
1	Analog Input 1							
2	Motor Current							
3	DC Bus Voltage							
4 Differential : Analog Input 1 – Analog Input 2								
5	Largest Value : Analog Input	1 or Analog Input 2						
PID	Error To Enable Ramp		0.0	25.0	0.0	%		
the in chang Settin	ternal ramp times of the drive are disa ge of motor speed on large PID errors g to 0.0 means that the drive ramps a	bled. Where a greater P 6, and react quickly to sm re always enabled. This p	ID error exists, the all errors. parameter is inter	e ramp times are e ided to allow the	nabled to limit the user to disable the	e rate of e drive inter		
	1 2 PID Where rom (10 Bo PID (imits PID (imits PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 3 PID (1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 Analog Input 1 2 Analog Input 2 PID Digital Reference Value When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the promatransducer such as a pressure transdulo Bar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the level PID Output Upper Limit imits the maximum value output from the PI PID Output Lower Limit imits the minimum output from the PID control PID Output Limit Select 0 Digital Output Limits 1 Upper limit set by analog input 1 2 Lower limit set by analog input 1 3 PID output added to analog input 1 2 Motor Current 3 DC Bus Voltage 4 Differential : Analog Input 1 5 Largest Value : Analog Input 1 5 Largest Value : Analog Input 2 10 Differential : Analog Input 1 5 Largest Value : Analog Input 1 6 Differential : Analog Input 1 7 Defines a threshold PID error level, whereb PID Error To Enable Ramp Defines of the drive are disa Change of motor speed on large PID errors Setting to 0.0 means that the drive ramps a	1 Analog Input 1 Analog Input 1 as displ 2 Analog Input 2 Analog Input 2 as displ PID Digital Reference Value Analog Input 2 as displ When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (sets rom a transducer such as a pressure transducer or level measuremen IO Bar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the level. PID Output Upper Limit Imits the maximum value output from the PID controller. PID Output Lower Limit Imits the minimum output from the PID controller. PID Output Limit Select 0 0 Digital Output Limits 1 Upper limit set by analog input 1 input 1 The output range of the applied to Analog Input 1 2 Lower limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the the value of P3-07. 3 PID output added to analog input 1 The output value from the Analog Input 1 2 Motor Current The output value from the Analog Input 2 1 Analog Input 1 Imput 1 2 Motor Current The output value from the Analog Input 2 3 DC Bus Voltage Imput 1 4 Differential : Analog Input 1 - Analog Input 2 Imput 2 5 Largest Value : Analog Input 1 - Analog Input 2	1 Analog Input 1 Analog Input 1 as displayed in PO-01 is 2 Analog Input 2 Analog Input 2 as displayed in PO-02 is PID Digital Reference Value 0.0 When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the rom a transducer such as a pressure transducer or level measurement, this represents the DB ar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the level. P3-08 PID Output Upper Limit P3-08 imits the maximum value output from the PID controller. 0 PID Output Lower Limit 0.0 imits the minimum output from the PID controller. 0 O Digital Output Limits The output range of the PID controller is I applied to Analog Input 1. 2 Lower limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the PID controller is I applied to Analog Input 1. 2 Lower limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the PID controller is I applied to Analog Input 1. 3 PID output added to analog Input 1 The output value from the PID Controller is I the value of P3-07. 3 PID output added to analog Input 1 Analog Input 1 4 Analog Input 1 Analog Input 1 5 Largest Value : Analog Input 1 - Analog Input 2 I Analog Input 1 6 Differential : Analog In	1 Analog Input 1 Analog Input 1 as displayed in PO-01 is used. 2 Analog Input 2 Analog Input 2 as displayed in PO-02 is used. PID Digital Reference Value 0.0 100.0 When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the PID Controller. Wrom a transducer such as a pressure transducer or level measurement, this represents the percentage of 10 Bar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the level. PID Output Upper Limit P3-08 100.0 imits the maximum value output from the PID controller. P3-08 100.0 imits the minimum output from the PID controller. 0.0 P3-07 imits the minimum output from the PID controller. 0 3 O Digital Output Limits The output range of the PID controller is limited by the value applied to Analog Input 1. 1 Upper limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the PID controller is limited by the sign the value of P3-07. 3 PID output added to analog Input 1. The output range of the PID controller is added to the sp Analog Input 1. 2 Lower limit set by analog input 1. The output value from the PID Controller is added to the sp Analog Input 1. 21 Malog Input 2 Imput 1 Imput 1 2 Motor Current O 1	1 Analog Input 1 Analog Input 1 as displayed in PO-O1 is used. 2 Analog Input 2 Analog Input 2 as displayed in PO-O2 is used. PID Digital Reference Value 0.0 100.0 0.0 When P3-05 = 0, this parameter sets the preset digital reference (setpoint) used for the PID Controller. Where the feedback com a transducer such as a pressure transducer or level measurement, this represents the percentage of the pressure range IO Bar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the level. PID Output Upper Limit P3-08 100.0 100.0 Imits the maximum value output from the PID controller. PID Output Lower Limit 0.0 P3-07 0.0 Imits the minimum output from the PID controller. PID Output Limits Select 0 3 0 O Digital Output Limits The output range of the PID controller is limited by the values of P3-07 & P3 1 Upper limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the PID controller is limited by the values of P3-08 & the applied to Analog Input 1. 2 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the PID controller is limited by the signal applied to Analog Input 1. 2 Lower limit set by analog input 1 The output range of the PID Controller is added to the speed reference of Analog Input 1 3 PID output added to analog Input 0		

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P3-12	PID	Feedback Display Scaling	0.000	50.000	0.000	-				
		Applies a scaling factor to the displayed PID feedback, allowing the user to display the actual signal level from a transducer, e.g. 0 – 10 Bar etc.								
P3-13	PID	Error Wake Level		0.0	100.0	5.0	%			
	Sets must	Sets a programmable level whereby if the drive enters standby motor whilst operating under PID control, the selected feedback signal must fall below this threshold before the drive will return to normal operation.								
P3-18	PID	PID Reset Control			1	1	-			
	0	Continuous operation	In this operating mode, the PID controller operates continuously, regardless of whether the drive is enabled or disabled. This can result in the output of the PID controller reaching the maximum level prior to the drive enable signal being applied.							
	1	Operate only when the drive is enabled	In this operating mode, hence will always start	the PID controlle from zero when t	r only operates w he drive is enable	hen the drive is e d.	enabled, and			

8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control

Overview

Parameters relating to the motor control are located together in Group 4. These parameters allow the user to:

- Select the motor type to match the connected motor.
- Carry out an autotune.
- Define the torque limits and setpoint source for control methods that support this (vector control methods only).

Optidrive P2 can operate with both Asynchronous Induction Motors, the type most commonly seen today, and also some synchronous motors. The sections below provide basic guidance on how to adjust the parameters to operate with the required motor type.

8.2.4. Asynchronous IM Motors

IM Motor Control Methods

IM Motors may be operated in the following modes:

- V/F Speed Control (Default Mode)
 - o This mode provides the simplest control, and is suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Sensorless Vector Torque Control
 - o This method is suitable for specific applications only, which require the motor torque to be the primary control function, rather than speed, and should be used with extreme care only in specific applications.
- Sensorless Vector Speed Control
 - o This method provides increased starting torque compared to V/F mode, along with improved motor speed regulation with changing load conditions. This method is suitable for more demanding applications.

Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode

Optidrive P2 can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Sensorless Vector Speed Control mode by setting P4-01 = 0.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-O2 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft.

It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

8.2.5. Synchronous Motors

Overview

Optidrive P2 provides open loop vector control of the following synchronous motor types.

PM AC Permanent Magnet AC Motors and BLDC Brushless DC Motors

Optidrive P2 can be used to control Permanent Magnet AC or Brushless DC motors without a feedback encoder or resolver. These motors operate synchronously, and a vector control strategy is used to maintain correct operation. In general, the motor can be operated between 10% - 100% of rated speed with a correctly selected and configured drive. Optimum control is achieved when the motor back EMF / Rated speed ratio is >= 1V/Hz. Motors with Back EMF / Rated frequency ratio below this level may not operate correctly, or may operate only with reduced speed range.

PM AC and BLDC motor control employs the same strategy, and the same commissioning method is applied.



Permanent Magnet motors (including BLDC) produce an output voltage known as the Back EMF when the shaft is rotated. The user must ensure that the motor shaft cannot rotate at a speed where this Back EMF exceeds the voltage limit for the drive, otherwise damage can occur.

The following parameter settings are necessary before attempting to operate the motor.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed (kE)
 - This is the voltage imposed by the magnets at the drive output terminals when the motor operates at rated frequency or speed. Some motors may provide a value for volts per thousand RPM, and it may be necessary to calculate the correct value for P1-07.
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
- Select PM Motor Speed control mode by setting P4-01 = 3 or BLDC Motor Speed Control by setting P4-01 = 5.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.
 - o The autotune measures the electrical data required from the motor to ensure good control.
- To improve motor starting and low speed operation, the following parameters may require adjustment:
 - o P7-14: Low Frequency Torque Boost Current: Injects additional current into the motor to help rotor alignment at low output frequency. Set as % of P1-08.
 - o P7-15: Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit: Defines the frequency range where the torque boost is applied. Set as % of P1-09.

Following the steps above, it should be possible to operate the motor. Further parameter settings are possible to enhance the performance if required, please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner for more information.

8.2.6. Syn RM Synchronous Reluctance Motors

When operating with Synchronous Reluctance motors, carry out the following steps:

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage.
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Synchronous Reluctance Motor Control mode by setting P4-01 = 6.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

8.2.7. Group 4 Parameter Listing



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

ar		Pa	rameter No	ime		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units		
P4-01	Motor Co	ontrol Mode				0	6	2	-		
	Setting	Motor Type	Primary Control	Control Method	Additional	onal Information					
	0	IM	Speed	Vector	Speed contro	peed control with Torque Limit. Torque Limit Source selected by P4-06.					
	1	IM	Torque	Vector	Torque Contro Speed Limit d	Torque Control with Speed Limit. Torque reference selected by P4-06. Speed Limit defined by the Speed Reference.					
	2	IM	Speed	V/F	V/F control fc	r simple applica	ations with stando	ard IM Motors.			
	3	AC PM	Speed	Vector	For speed cor	itrol of AC PM r	notors with Sinus	oidal back EMF.			
	4	AC PM	Torque	Vector	For torque co	ntrol of AC PM r	motors with Sinus	oidal back EMF.			
	5	BLDC	Speed	Vector	For speed cor	itrol of BLDC ma	otors with Trapez	oidal back EMF.			
	6	Syn RM	Speed	Vector	For speed cor	itrol of Synchror	ious Reluctance r	motors.			
4-02	Motor Au	uto-tune Ena	ble			0	1	0	-		
	When set to 1, the drive immediately carries out a non-rotating au efficiency. Following completion of the autotune, the parameter a							ters for optimum c	ontrol and		
4-03	Vector Sp	beed Contro	ller Proport	ional Gain		0.1	400.0	25.0	%		
4-04	In general, higher friction loads can tolerate higher values of proportional gain, and high inertia, low friction loads may require t to be reduced. Vector Speed Controller Integral Time Constant 0.000 2.000 0.050 Sets the integral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response in reaction to motor load changes, at the rist 0.000 0.050							S			
i	introducing instability. For best dynamic performance, the value should					be adjusted to si	uit the connected	load.			
4-05	Motor Po	wer Factor	cos Ø			0.50	0.99	-	-		
	When oper	rating in Vector	Speed motor	control mode	s, this paramete	must be set to t	he motor namep	late power factor.			
4-06	Torque C	ontrol Refer	ence / Limi	t Source		0	5	0	-		
	0	Maximum limit P4-02		The torque o	controller referer	ce / limit is set	in P4-07.				
	1	Analog In	put 1					o Analog Input 1, mited by the value			
	2	Analog In	put 2					o Analog Input 2, mited by the value			
	3	Fieldbus		The output to whereby 10 value set in	10% input signal	ed based on the evel will result in	signal from the on the drive output	communications Fi t torque being limit	eldbus, ted by the		
	4	Master / S	Slave					nvertek Master / eing limited by the			
	5	PID outpu	t			e is controlled based on the output of the PID controller, whereby 100% ing result in the drive output torque being limited by the value set in P4-07.					
4-07	Maximur	m Torque / (Current Lim	it		P4-08	500.0	150.0	%		
P4-07	limit or refe When oper	rence used by	the drive in co 1ode (P4-01 =	njunction with 2), this paran	P4-06. neter defines the		·	ter defines the ma ve will provide to th			

Par		Pc	arameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P4-08	Minin	num Torque Lin	nit	P4-08	500.0	0	%				
	Active Optidr	only in Vector Spe ive is enabled, it w	ed or Vector Torque motor control mo ill always attempt to maintain this torc	odes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S que on the motor at all t	(P4-01 = 0 or 1). Sets a minimum torque limit, whereby the when the n the motor at all times whilst operating.						
		NOTE This para achieve the tor	ameter should be used with e que level, and may exceed th	xtreme care, as the e selected speed re	e drive output eference.	frequency wil	l increase to				
P4-09	Rege	nerative Torque	e Limit	0.0	200.0	100.0	%				
		only in Vector Spe otidrive.	ed or Vector Torque motor control ma	odes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). S	Sets the maximum	regenerating tor	que allowed by				
P4-10	V/F C	Characteristic A	djustment Frequency	0.0	P1-09	0.0	Hz				
	When P4-11	operating in V/F m is applied to the ma	node (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in c ptor. Care must be taken to avoid over	onjunction with P4-11 s erheating and damagin	ets a frequency po g the motor when	pint at which the using this feature	voltage set in e.				
P4-11	V/F C	Characteristic A	djustment Voltage	0	P1-07	0	V				
	Used i	n conjunction with	parameter P4-10.								
P4-12	Therm	nal Overload R	etention	0	1	1	-				
	0	Disabled		·							
			the motor against damage. An inte and will trip the drive if the usage e supply from the drive and re-apply value is retained during power off.	exceeds the thermal limi ving will reset the value	t. When P4-12 is c	disabled, ['] removir	ng the power				
P4-13	Outp	ut Phase Seque	nce	0	1	0	-				
	0	U,V,W	Stand motor phase sequence. Typ	Stand motor phase sequence. Typically, this provides clockwise rotation of the motor.							
	1	U,W,V	Reverse motor phase sequence. Ty	pically this provides co	ally this provides counter-clockwise rotation of the motor.						
P4-14	Thern	nal Overload R	eaction	0	1	0	-				
	0	Trip	When the overload accumulator re	When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the drive will trip on It.trp to prevent damage to the motor							
	1	Current Limit Reduction	When the overload accumulator re of P1-08 in order to avoid an It.trp accumulator reaches 10%.								
P4-15	Mast	er Mode Config	uration (Master-Slave Mode)	0	1	0	-				
		Motor speed & torque reference	network is the Master Actual Spee	In this mode, when the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave Mode, the data broadcast on the drive network is the Master Actual Speed and the Master Torque Reference. This mode is suitable for Master-Slave applications which required speed following.							
		Speed reference & motor torque	In this mode, when the drive function network is the Master Speed Refer Slave applications which required	rence and the Master A	ctual Torque. This						

8.3. Parameter Group 5 – Communication Parameters

8.3.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides many methods to allow the user to connect to a variety of fieldbus networks. In addition, connection to options such as external keypads, PC and Optistick are possible. Parameter Group 5 provides the parameters required to configure the various fieldbus interfaces and connection points.

8.3.2. Connecting Invertek Drives Options

All Invertek Drives options which require communication with the drive, such as the Optiport and Optipad remote keypads and Optistick connect to the Optidrive P2 using the built in RJ45 connection point. The pin connections on these options are already matched, such that a simple pin to pin plug in cable can be used to connect these options without any special requirements.

For further information on connecting and using these optional items, refer to the specific option User guide.

8.3.3. Connecting to a PC

Optidrive P2 may be connected to a PC with Microsoft Windows operating system to allow use of the Optitools Studio PC software for commissioning and monitoring. There are two possible methods of connection as follows:

- Wired Connection. Requires the optional PC connection kit OPT-2-USB485-OBUS which provides a USB to RS485 serial port conversion and premanufactured RJ45 connection.
- Bluetooth Wireless Connection. Requires the optional Optistick OPT-3-STICK. The PC must have Bluetooth onboard or a suitable Bluetooth dongle which can support a Bluetooth serial connection.

With either communication method, the steps to establish a connection between the PC and drive are as follows:

- Download and install the Optitools Studio PC software to the PC.
- Start the software, and select the Parameter Editor function.
- If the drive address has been changed in parameter P5-01, ensure that in the Optitools Studio software the Network Scan Limit setting in the lower left corner of the screen is set to the same or higher value.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Communication Type.
 - o If using the Optistick, Select BlueTooth.
 - o If using the wired PC connection kit, select RS485.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Select COM Port > Select the COM port associated with the connection.
- Click the Scan Drive Network button in the lower left corner of the screen.

8.3.4. Modbus RTU Connection

Optidrive P2 supports Modbus RTU communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications on page 62.

8.3.5. CAN Open Connection

Optidrive P2 supports CAN Open communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.3. CAN Open Communication on page 64.

8.3.6. Other Fieldbus Networks

Additional fieldbus network protocols are supported using optional interfaces. Refer to the Invertek Drives website for a list of supported protocols and the required interface option modules.

Maximum Minimum Par Name Default Units P5-01 **Drive Fieldbus Address** 1 63 1 Sets the Fieldbus address for the Optidrive. When using Modbus RTU, this parameter sets the Node Address. Refer to section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications for further information. Please note that if a higher Modbus address than 63 is required, P5-16 can be used – see P5-16 for further information. This parameter also determines the Optibus address of the drive for use with OptiTools Studio. P5-02 **CAN Baud Rate** 125 1000 500 kbps Sets the baud rate when CAN Open communications are used. P5-03 115.2 115.2 Modbus RTU Baud rate 9.6 kbps Sets the baud rate when Modbus RTU communications are used. P5-04 **Modbus RTU Data Format** ---_ Sets the expected Modbus telegram data format as follows: n- 1 No Parity, 1 stop bit n-2 No parity, 2 stop bits D- I Odd parity, 1 stop bit F-1 Even parity, 1 stop bit P5-05 **Communications Loss Timeout** 0.0 5.0 2.0 Seconds Sets the watchdog time period for the communications channel. If a valid telegram is not received by the Optidrive within this time period, the drive will assume a loss of communications has occurred and react as selected below. Setting to zero disables the function. P5-06 **Communications Loss Action** 0 3 0 0 **Trip & Coast To Stop** 1 **Ramp to Stop Then Trip** 2 Ramp to Stop Only (No Trip) 3 **Run at Preset Speed 8**

8.3.7. Communication Parameters

Par	Name				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P5-07	Fieldb	us Ramp Con	itrol		0	1	0	-			
	0	Disabled	Ramps are control	from internal drive parc	ımeters P1-03 an	d P1-04.					
	1	Enabled	Ramps are controll	ed directly by the Fieldl							
P5-08	Fieldb	us PDO-4 Da	ta Select		0	4	0	-			
	0	Motor torc	lne	0 to 2000 = 0 to 2	200.0%	4	1				
	1	Motor pov	ver	Output power in k	Output power in kW to two decimal places, e.g. 400 = 4.00kW						
	2	Digital Inp	ut Status	Bit O indicates digi	Bit 0 indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicates digital input 2 status etc						
	3	Analog Inp	out 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%							
	4	Heatsink T	emperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 10	0 to 100 = 0 to 100°C						
	5	User regist	ter 1	User Defined Regi	User Defined Register 1 Value						
	6	User regist	ter 2	User Defined Regi	ster 1 Value						
	7	PO-80 valu	e	User Selected date	User Selected data value						
P5-12	Fieldb	us PDO-3 Da	ta Select		0	7	0	-			
	0	Motor curr	ent	Output current to 1	decimal place, e	e.g. 100 = 10.0 A	Amps				
	1	Motor pov	ver	Output power in k	W to two decima	l places, e.g. 400) = 4.00kW				
	2	Digital inp	ut status	Bit O indicates digi	Bit O indicates digital input 1 status, bit 1 indicates digital input 2 status etc						
	3	Analog Inp	out 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%							
	4	Heatsink T	emperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 10	0°C						
	5	User regist	ter 1	User Defined Regi	ster 1 Value						
	6	User regist	ter 2	User Defined Regi	ster 1 Value						
	7	PO-80 valu	e	User Selected date	a value						
P5-13	Fieldbus PDI-4 Function Select			0	1	0	-				
	0	Fieldbus ro	imps	This option must be be controlled from	selected if the dr the fieldbus. P5-0	ive acceleration)7 must also be s	and deceleration et to 1 to enable	ramps are to this function.			
	1	User regist	ter 4	allows the function In this case, User R	The value received by the drive in PDI 4 is transferred to User Register 4. This option allows the function of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, User Register 4 should not be written to within any PLC function code, although the value can be read.						
P5-14	Fieldb	us PDI-3 Fun	ction Select		0	2	0	-			
	0	Torque ref	erence / limit	This option must be from the fieldbus. T	e selected if the drive output torque limit / setpoint is to be controlle This also requires setting P4-06 = 3.						
	1	PID refere	nce	This option allows to order for this option not be utilised with	n to be used, P9-	38 must be set to					
	2	User regist	ter 3	allows the function	ed by the drive in PDI 3 is transferred to User Register 3. This option on of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. Register 3 should not be written to within any PLC function code, ie can be read.						
P5-15	Modb	us Response	Delay		0	16	0	Chr			
	reply. Th	ne value entered		lay between the drive re in addition to the minim characters.							
P5-16	Drive	Modbus Add	ress		0	273	0	-			
	larger n	etwork, it can be	e set in this parameter.	et in P5-01 which has a 0, this address will beca		-					

8.4. Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

8.4.1. Parameter Group 6 – Advanced Configuration

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Firmware Upgrade Enable	0	Disabled	0	This parameter should not be
		1	Update I/O & P/S		adjusted by the user.
		2	Update I/O		
		3	Update P/S		
P6-02	Thermal Overload Management	4 -	- 32kHz (Model Dependent)	4 kHz	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency.
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 -	- 60 Seconds	20s	
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0) – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-05	Encoder Feedback Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-06	Encoder PPR	0 -	65535	0	
P6-07	Speed Error Trip Threshold	0.0) - 100.0%	5.0%	
P6-08	Max Speed Reference Frequency	0 -	- 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-09	Speed Droop Control	0.0) – 25.0%	0.0%	
P6-10	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-13	Hoist Brake Release Time	0.0) – 5.0s	0.2s	
P6-14	Hoist Brake Apply Time	0.0) – 5.0s	0.3s	
P6-15	Hoist Brake Pre-Torque Level	0.0) – 200.0%	8.0%	
P6-16	Hoist Pre-Torque Time Limit	0.0) – 25.0s	5.0s	
P6-17	Maximum Torque Time Limit	0.0) – 25.0s	0.0s	
P6-18	DC Injection Braking Current	0.0) – 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-19	Brake Resistor Resistance		Model Dependent	·	
P6-20	Brake Resistor Power		Model Dependent		
P6-21	Brake Chopper Ut Duty	0.0) – 20.0%	2.0%	
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 -	- 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance Indicator	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0) – 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset	-50	00.0 – 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Index	0 -	255	0	
P6-29	User Default Parameters	0	No Function	0	
		1	Save user parameters		
			Clear user parameters		
P6-30	Level 3 (Advanced) Access Code	0 -	- 9999	201	

Par.	Function	Setti	ng Range	Default	Notes		
P7-01	Motor Stator Resistance	0.000 - 65	5.535	Drive	Motor date, measured or calculated curing		
P7-02	Motor Rotor Resistance	0.000 - 65	5.535	Dependent	the autotune. P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC Motors.		
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	0.0000 -	0000		P7-06 is used only for PM motors.		
P7-04	Magnetising Current (id)	Drive Depe	Drive Dependent				
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0.000 - 0.	250				
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0000 - 1.0000					
P7-07	Enhanced Generator Mode	0 Disable 1 Enable		0	Improves motor control in applications with high regenerative power requirement.		
P7-08	Motor Parameter Adaptation	0 Disabled 1 Enable		0	Enables motor parameter adaptation, intended to compensate for changes in the motor temperature during operation.		
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0 - 100.0%		5.0%			
P7-10	Load Inertia Constant	0 - 600		10			
P7-11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit	0 - 500					
P7-12	V/F Mode Magnetising Delay Time	0 – 5000ms		Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.		
P7-13	Vector Speed Controller Differential Gain	0.00 - 1.0	C	0.00	Derivative speed loop gain applied in Vector control modes.		
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost	0.0 - 100.0)%	0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.		
P7-15	Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0 – 50.0	%	0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.		
P7-16	PM Motor Signal Injection	2 Signal Speec 3 Signal Magn	Injection During etizing Period Injection at Low	0			
P7-17	Signal Injection Level	0 - 100		10			
P7-18	Over Modulation	0 Disabl		0			
P7-19	Modulation Mode		se Modulation se Modulation	0			

8.4.3. Parameter Group 8 – Additional Ramps and Functions

Par.	Function	Setting Range	Default	Notes
P8-01	Acceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.Os	
P8-02	Ramp 1 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-03	Acceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-04	Ramp 2 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-05	Acceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-06	Ramp 3 → 4 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-07	Deceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-08	Ramp 4 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-09	Deceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-10	Ramp 3 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-11	Deceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s	
P8-12	Ramp 2 → 1 Speed Boundary	0.0 – P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0	
P8-13	Ramp Select Control	O Digital input selection	0	
		1 Speed based selection		

8.4.4. Parameter Group 9 – User Inputs and Output Programming

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P9-01	Enable Input Source	The	se parameters allow the user to dire	ectly select t	he source of the various command points.
P9-02	Fast Stop Input Source	Par	ameters are only adjustable if P1-13	3 = 0. This a	llows complete flexibility over the drive control
P9-03	Run Forward Input Source	f tune	ctions, and interaction with the interr	nal Function	Block programming environment.
P9-04	Run Reverse Input Select	1			
P9-05	Latch Function Enable	0	OFF	0	
		1	ON		
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	See	e above	I	1
P9-07	Reset Input Source	1			
P9-08	External Trip Input Source	1			
P9-09	Terminal Control Select Source	1			
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 1	In c	combination with P9-18 – P9-20, al	low selectio	n of several speed reference sources for common
P9-11	Speed Reference Source 2	app	olications.		
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 3	1			
P9-13	Speed Reference Source 4	1			
P9-14	Speed Reference Source 5	1			
P9-15	Speed Reference Source 6	1			
P9-16	Speed Reference Source 7	1			
P9-17	Speed Reference Source 8	1			
P9-18	Speed Reference Select Input O	See	e above		
P9-19	Speed Reference Select Input 1	1			
P9-20	Speed Reference Select Input 2	1			
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input O	1			
P9-22	Preset Speed Select Input 1	1			
P9-23	Preset Speed Select Input 2	1			
P9-24	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit O	1			
P9-25	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit 1	1			
P9-26	Deceleration Ramp Bit O	1			
P9-27	Deceleration Ramp Bit 1	1			
P9-28	Motorised Pot Up Input Source	1			
P9-29	Motorised Pot Down Inpt Source	1			
P9-30	Speed Limit Switch Forward	1			
P9-31	Speed Limit Switch Reverse	1			
P9-33	Analog Output 1 Source	0	Defined by P2-11	0	These parameters allow the user to overdide
		1	Function block program - digital		the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction
		2	Function block program - analog		with the internal Function Block programming
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	0	Defined by P2-13	0	environment.
		1	Function block program - digital		
		2	Function block program - analog		
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-15	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-36	Relay 2 Control Source	0	Defined by P2-18	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-37	Display Scaling Source Control	0	Defined by P2-21	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-38	PID Reference Source	0	Defined by P3-05	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-39	PID Feedback Source	0	Defined by P3-10	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-40	Torque Reference Source	0	Defined by P4-06	0	
		1	Function block program - digital		
P9-41	Relay 3,4,5 Function	0	Healthy : Tripped : Running	0	
	· · · ·	<u> </u>	Function block program - digital	1	

Par.	Function	Units
P0-01	Analog Input 1 Value	%
P0-02	Analog Input 2 Value	%
P0-03	Digital Input Status – Bit representation (0 or 1) where the left most digit indicates the status of Digital Input 1	N/A
P0-04	Speed Controller Reference	Hz / RPM
PO-05	Torque Controller Reference	%
P0-06	Digital Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
P0-07	Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
PO-08	PID Reference (Setpoint)	%
P0-09	PID Feedback	%
PO-10	PID Output	%
PO-11	Motor Voltage	V
P0-12	Output Torque	%
PO-13	Trip Log – Last 4 Trips	N/A
PO-14	Magnetising Current (id)	A
PO-15	Rotor Current (iq)	A
P0-16	DC Bus Voltage Ripple	V
PO-17	Motor Stator Resistance Rs	Ω
PO-18	Motor Stator Inductance Ls	Н
PO-19	Motor Rotor Resistance Rr	Ω
PO-20	DC Bus Voltage	V
PO-21	Heatsink Temperature	°C
PO-22	Time Left To Next Service	Hours
PO-23	Time Heatsink > 85°C	HH:MM:S
PO-24	Time Internal > 80°C	HH:MM:S
PO-25	Estimated Rotor Speed	Hz / RPN
PO-26	kWh Meter	kWh
PO-27	MWh Meter	MWh
PO-28	Software Version	N/A
P0-29	Drive type	N/A
PO-30	Drive serial number	N/A
PO-31	Total Run Time	HH:MM:S
PO-32	Run Time Since Last Trip 1	HH:MM:S
PO-33	Run Time Since Last Trip	HH:MM:S
PO-34	Run Time Since Last Enable	HH:MM:S
PO-35	Cooling fan operating time	Hours
PO-36	DC Bus Voltage Log: 8 samples, 256ms	V
PO-37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log: 8 samples 20ms	V
PO-38	Heatsink Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
PO-39	Internal Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
PO-40	Motor Current Log: 8 samples 256ms	A
PO-41	O-I Fault Counter	N/A
P0-42	O-Volts Fault Counter	N/A
PO-43	U-Volts Fault Counter	N/A
P0-44	Heatsink O-Temp Counter	N/A
P0-45	Brake resistor over current trip counter	N/A

8.5. Parameter Group 0 – Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

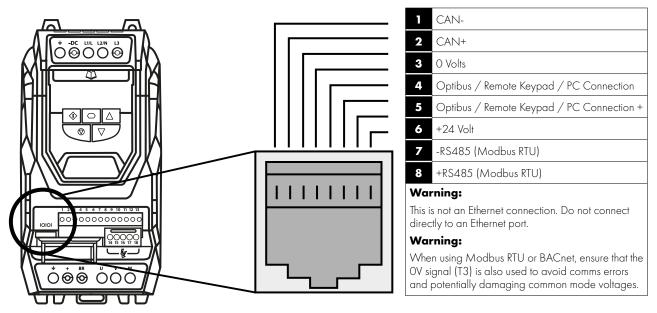
Par.	Function	Units
P0-46	Internal over temperature trip count	N/A
P0-47	I/O Comms Fault Counter	N/A
PO-48	DSP Comms Fault Counter	N/A
P0-49	Modbus RTU Fault Counter	N/A
P0-50	CAN Fault Counter	N/A
P0-51	PDI cyclic data	N/A
P0-52	PDO cyclic data	N/A
PO-53	Phase U Current Offset and Reference	N/A
PO-54	Phase V Current Offset and Reference	N/A
P0-55	Reserved	N/A
P0-56	Brake Max On Time / Duty	N/A
P0-57	Ud / Uq	N/A
P0-58	Encoder Feedback Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-59	Frequency Input Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-60	Calculated Slip Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-61	Relay Speed Hysteresis	Hz / RPM
P0-62	Droop speed	Hz / RPM
P0-63	Post ramp speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-64	Actual Eff. Switching Frequency	kHz
P0-65	Drive Total Life Time	HH:MM:SS
P0-66	Function block program ID	N/A
P0-67	Overload Integration Level	%
P0-68	User ramp value	S
P0-69	I2C Error Counter	N/A
P0-70	Option Module ID	N/A
P0-71	Fieldbus Module ID	N/A
P0-72	Internal Temperature	°C
P0-73	24 Hour Timer Value	Minute
P0-74	L1 Input Voltage	V
P0-75	L2 Input Voltage	V
P0-76	L3 Input Voltage	V
P0-77	Encoder Pulse Count	N/A
P0-78	Test parameter	N/A
P0-79	Boot-Loader and Motor Control Version	N/A
PO-80	P6-28 Selected Parameter	N/A

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9. Serial Communications

9.1. RS-485 Communications

Optidrive P2 has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Invertek's Optibus Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / CANBus. Both connections can be used simultaneously. The Optibus connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (E.g. Profibus) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled. The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



- The Optibus data link is only used for connection of Invertek peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications.

9.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections

Modbus RTU and CANbus connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown above, in section 9.1. RS-485 Communications.

- Modbus RTU and CANbus networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages on the drive terminals:
 - o RSR85+
 - o RS485-
 - o 0 Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120R.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the 0 volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the 0 Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120R) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

9.2. Modbus RTU Communications

9.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive P2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the O3 Read Multiple Holding Registers and O6 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register O; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detail in section 9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive P2.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive providing that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
1	Command Con	trol Word	R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows: Bit 0 : Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive. Bit 1 : Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp. Bit 2 : Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive. This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared. Bit 3 : Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.
2	Command Spe	ed Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.
3	Command Torq	ue Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%.
4	Command Ram	p times	R/W	This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s).
6	Error code	Drive status	R	This register contains 2 bytes. The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows: Bit 0 : 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running). Bit 1 : 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped. Bit 2 : No Function. Bit 3 : Drive Ready, 1 = Drive Inhibit. Bit 4 : Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached. Bit 5 : 0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active. Bit 6 : No function. Bit 7 : 0 = Normal condition, 1 = Low or High Load condition detected. The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information. Bit 8 : No Function.
7	Output Frequen	icy	R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.
8	Output Current		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.
11	Digital Input Sta	atus	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.
20	Analog 1 Level		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
22	Pre Ramp Spee	d Reference	R	Internal drive frequency setpoint.
23	DC bus voltage	es	R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts.
24	Drive temperatu	ıre	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C.

9.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

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When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number,

e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

e.g. Read Value of P1-01 = 500, therefore this is 50.0Hz.

For further details on communicating with Optidrive using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local Invertek Sales Partner.

9.3. CAN Open Communication

9.3.1. Overview

The CANopen communication profile in the P2 drive is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

9.3.2. Basic Operation Setup

The CANopen communication function is enabled by default after power up however in order to use any control functions through CANopen, Parameter P1-12 must be set to 6.

The CAN communication baud rate can is selected by parameter P5-02. Available baud rates are 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. Default settings is 500kbps.

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P5-01 with a default value of 1.

9.3.3. COB ID and Functions

Optidrive P2 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

	Table 1 : Me	ssages and COB-IDs
Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	OOOh	Network management.
Sync	080h	Synchronous message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO 1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default. Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.

NOTE

- 1. The Optidrive P2 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- 2. The Optidrive P2 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped, however PDO2 is disabled by default. Table 2 gives the default PDO mapping information.
- 3. Customer configuration (mapping) will **NOT** be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

9.3.4. Default PDO Mapping

	Table 2: PDO Default Mapping												
Туре	Type Objects No. Mapped Object Length Mapped Function												
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register									
RX	2	2001 h		Speed reference	254								
PDO 1	3	2002h	Integer 16	Torque reference	Valid immediately								
	4	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference									

	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register			
TX	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Motor speed Hz	254		
PDO 1	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16 Motor current		Send after receiving RX PDO 1		
	4	200Eh	Integer 16	Motor torque			
	1	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy			
SDO (RX)	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254		
Error Control	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254		
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy			
	1	200Fh	Unsigned 16	Motor power			
TX	2	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature	254		
PDO2	3	2011h	Unsigned 16	signed 16 DC bus value			
	4	200Ch	Integer 16	Motor speed (Internal data format)			

* Drive control can only be achieved when P1-12=6

9.3.5. Supported PDO Transmission Types

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO.

For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 3: RX PDO Transmission Mode											
Transmission Type	Mode	Description										
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.										
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.										

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 4: TX PDO Transmission Mode												
Transmission Type	Mode	Description											
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.											
1 - 240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are necessary to trigger TX PDO.											
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.											
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred anytime if PDO data value has changed.											

9.3.6. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
1000h	0	Device type	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0
1001h	0	Error register	RO	Unsigned 8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer status register	RO	Unsigned 16	N	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RW	Unsigned 32	N	0000080h
1008h	0	Manufacturer device name	RO	String	N	ODP2
1009h	0	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	String	N	x.xx
100Ah	0	Manufacturer software version	RO	String	N	X.XX
100Ch	0	Guard time [1ms]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
100Dh	0	Life time factor	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
1014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h+Node ID
1015h	0	Inhibit time emergency [100us]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
1017h	0	Producer heart beat time [1 ms]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
	0	Identity object No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	Vendor ID	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0x0000031A
1018h	2	Product code	RO	Unsigned 32	N	Drive depended
	3	Revision number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	X.XX
	4	Serial number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	e.g. 1234/56/789
	0	SDO parameter No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1200h	1	COB-ID client -> server (RX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID server -> client (TX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000580h+Node ID
	0	RX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1400h	1	RX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	254
	0	RX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
1401h	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	C0000300h+Node ID
-	2	RX PDO2 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
	0	RX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20000010h
1600h	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20020010h
	4	RX PDO1 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20030010h
	0	RX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
-	1	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
1601h	2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	0	TX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
	1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000180h+Node ID
1800h	2	TX PDO1 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	254
	3	TX PDO1 Inhibit time [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
	1	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
1801h	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time [100us]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200A0010h
1A00h	2	TX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200B0010h
	3	TX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200D0010h
	4	TX PDO1 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200E0010h
	0	TX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO2 1 st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200F0010h
1A01h	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20100010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20110010h
	4	TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200C0010h

9.3.7. Manufacturer Specific Object Table

The following table shows some of the manufacturer specific object dictionary for Optidrive P2. For a complete list, refer to the Optidrive P2 CAN Open Application Note.

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2000h	0	Control command register	RW	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
2001h	0	Speed reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
2002h	0	Torque reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	1000 = 100.0%
2003h	0	User ramp reference	RW	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 5.00s
200Ah	0	Drive status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
200Bh	0	Motor speed Hz	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	500 = 50.0Hz
200Dh	0	Motor current	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	123 = 12.3A
200Eh	0	Motor torque	RO	Integer 16	Y	4096 = 100.0%
200Fh	0	Motor power	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	1234 = 12.34kW
2010h	0	Drive temperature	RO	Integer 16	Y	30 = 30°C
2011h	0	DC bus value	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2012h	0	Digital input status	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2013h	0	Analog input 1 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2014h	0	Analog input 2 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2015h	0	Analog output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2016h	0	Analog output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2017h	0	relay output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2018h	0	relay output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2019h	0	relay output 3 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201 Ah	0	relay output 4 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
201Bh	0	relay output 5 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ah	0	Kilowatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Bh	0	Megawatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Ch	0	KWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Dh	0	MWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Eh	0	Total run hours	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
203Fh	0	Total run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2040h	0	Current run hours (Since last enable)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2041h	0	Current run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2042h	0	Time to next service	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2043h	0	Room Temperature	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2044h	0	Speed controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2045h	0	Torque controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2046h	0	Digital pot speed reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	

Object 2000h : Control Command Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0													Normal Operation			Stop
1													Coast Stop	Reset	Fast Stop	Run

Object 200Ah : Drive Status Register

Status / Bit	15 14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0														Drive Healthy	Drive Disabled
1	Drive Trip Code							Fund	ction	In Standby	Maintenance Time reached	Inhibit	No Function	Drive Tripped	Drive Enabled

10. Technical Data

10.1. Environmental

Ambient	Storage and Transportation	All Units	-40 60°C / -40 140°F	
Temperature	Operating	IP20 Units	-10 50°C / 14 122°F	
		IP55 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 72)
		IP66 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 72)
Altitude	Operating	All Units	=<1000m	With UL approval
			=<4000m	With derating (refer to section 10.4.2. Derating for Altitude on page 72)
Relative Humidity	Operating	All Units	< 95%	Non-condensing, frost and moisture free

10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive P2 models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Frame Size	-	wer ing	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	kimum Cable Size	Rated Output Current		mum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.5	10	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	1.5	15.2	25	20	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	19.5	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35

NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses.
- 3 phase drive can be connected to single phase supply when the output current is 50% derated.

Frame Size		wer ling	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	5.1	10	10	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	2	8.3	10	15	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	12.6	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	100	330	35
3	4	5	21.6	25	30	8	8	18	100	330	20
3	5.5	7.5	29.1	40	40	8	8	24	100	330	20
4	7.5	10	36.4	50	50	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	11	15	55.8	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	15	20	70.2	80	90	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	18.5	25	82.9	100	110	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	22	30	103.6	125	150	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	30	40	126.7	160	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	37	50	172.7	200	225	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	45	50	183.3	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
7	55	50	205.7	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	75	50	255.5	315	350	150	300MCM	248	100	330	6

10.2.2. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

NOTE

 Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature.

- Operation with single phase supply is possible, with 50% derating of the output current capacity.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses.

					-		-				
Frame Size		wer ting	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	kimum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable igth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	А	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.4	10	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.1	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.2	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	19	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21	25	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	28.9	40	40	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	37.2	50	50	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	47	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	52.4	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	63.8	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	76.4	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	92.2	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	75	112.5	125	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	75	100	153.2	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	183.7	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
7	110	175	205.9	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	244.5	315	350	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	307.8	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	370	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	2
8	250	350	450	500	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330	2

10.2.3. 380 – 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature.
- Operation with single phase supply is possible, with 50% derating of the output current capacity.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses.

Frame Size		wer ling	Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Maximum Cable Size		Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable Igth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.5	10	6	8	8	2.1	100	330	600
2	1.5	2	3.7	10	6	8	8	3.1	100	330	300
2	2.2	3	4.9	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	4	5	7.8	10	10	8	8	6.5	100	330	150
2	5.5	7.5	10.8	16	15	8	8	9	100	330	100
3	7.5	10	14.4	16	20	8	8	12	100	330	80
3	11	15	20.6	25	30	8	8	17	100	330	50
3	15	20	26.7	32	35	8	8	22	100	330	33
4	18.5	25	34	40	45	16	5	28	100	330	33
4	22	30	41.2	50	60	16	5	34	100	330	22
4	30	40	49.5	63	70	16	5	43	100	330	22
5	37	50	62.2	80	80	35	2	54	100	330	16
5	45	60	75.8	100	100	35	2	65	100	330	12
6	55	75	90.9	125	125	150	300MCM	78	100	330	12
6	75	100	108.2	125	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330	8
6	90	125	127.7	160	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330	8
6	110	150	160	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	8

10.2.4. 500 - 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

10.3. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

Optidrive P2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 23	30 Volt rated units, + /- 10% vari	ation allowed. 240 Volt R	MS Maximum.			
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 500 Volts RMS.						
	500 – 600 Volts for 600 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed, Maximum 600 Volts RMS.						
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.						
	All Optidrive P2 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.						
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variati	on.					
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current			
	All	All	All	100kA rms (AC)			
	maximum short-circuit Ampe	res symmetrical with the specified	d maximum supply voltage	not more than the above specifie			
01 117	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co	d maximum supply voltage nnection.	not more than the above specifie e.			
All Optidrive P2 units are	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments whi	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment			
All Optidrive P2 units are	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation must be installed according t	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation must be installed according t ent Ratings.	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments whi	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment hown in section 10.2. Input/			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre Suitable Power and mot	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation v must be installed according t ent Ratings. or cables should be selected	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments whit o the relevant national codes. Fu	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s section 10.2. Input/Output	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment hown in section 10.2. Input/ ut Power and Current Ratings.			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre Suitable Power and mot Power cable connection Optidrive P2 provides m	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation must be installed according t ent Ratings. or cables should be selected as and tightening torques are s notor overload protection in a	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments whic o the relevant national codes. Fu according to the data shown in hown in section 3.4. Installation accordance with the National Ele	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s section 10.2. Input/Output Following a Period of Stor ctrical Code (US).	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment hown in section 10.2. Input/ ut Power and Current Ratings. rage.			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre Suitable Power and mot Power cable connection Optidrive P2 provides m • Where a motor thermi	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation must be installed according t ent Ratings. or cables should be selected as and tightening torques are s notor overload protection in a istor is not fitted, or not utilised istor is fitted and connected to	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments which the relevant national codes. Fu according to the data shown in hown in section 3.4. Installation	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s section 10.2. Input/Output Following a Period of Stor ctrical Code (US). tention must be enabled b	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment hown in section 10.2. Input/ ut Power and Current Ratings. rage. rage.			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre Suitable Power and mot Power cable connection Optidrive P2 provides m • Where a motor thermi 4.7. Motor Terminal B For Canadian Installatio	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation v must be installed according t ent Ratings. or cables should be selected as and tightening torques are s notor overload protection in a istor is not fitted, or not utilised istor is fitted and connected to Bax Connections. ns : transient surge suppression	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments which the relevant national codes. Fu according to the data shown in section 3.4. Installation accordance with the National Ele , Thermal Overload Memory Re	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s section 10.2. Input/Outpu Following a Period of Stor ctrical Code (US). tention must be enabled b arried out according to the le of this equipment and sh	shown in section 10.1. Environments shown in section 10.2. Input/ the Power and Current Ratings. rage. rage. rage. rage. a information shown in section mall be rated as shown below,			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre Suitable Power and mot Power cable connection Optidrive P2 provides m • Where a motor thermi 4.7. Motor Terminal B For Canadian Installatio	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation v must be installed according t ent Ratings. or cables should be selected as and tightening torques are s notor overload protection in a istor is not fitted, or not utilised istor is fitted and connected to Box Connections. ns : transient surge suppression e category iii and shall provide	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments which the relevant national codes. Fu according to the data shown in section 3.4. Installation coordance with the National Ele , Thermal Overload Memory Re the drive, connection must be c	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s section 10.2. Input/Output Following a Period of Stor ctrical Code (US). tention must be enabled b arried out according to the le of this equipment and sh vithstand voltage peak of	not more than the above specifie e. shown in section 10.1. Environment hown in section 10.2. Input/ at Power and Current Ratings. rage. rage. y setting P4-12 = 1. e information shown in section hall be rated as shown below, 2.5kV.			
All Optidrive P2 units are Branch circuit protection Output Power and Curre Suitable Power and mot Power cable connection Optidrive P2 provides m Where a motor thermi 4.7. Motor Terminal B For Canadian Installatio suitable for over voltage	maximum short-circuit Ampe connection must be according to intended for indoor installation v must be installed according t ent Ratings. or cables should be selected as and tightening torques are s notor overload protection in a istor is not fitted, or not utilised istor is fitted and connected to Box Connections. ns : transient surge suppression e category iii and shall provide of the Drive Pha	res symmetrical with the specifier o section 4.3. Incoming Power Co within controlled environments which o the relevant national codes. Fu according to the data shown in s hown in section 3.4. Installation accordance with the National Ele , Thermal Overload Memory Re the drive, connection must be c	d maximum supply voltage nnection. ch meet the condition limits s se ratings and types are s section 10.2. Input/Output Following a Period of Stor ctrical Code (US). tention must be enabled b arried out according to the le of this equipment and sh vithstand voltage peak of	shown in section 10.1. Environment hown in section 10.2. Input/ the Power and Current Ratings. rage. rage. rage. rage. rage.			

600VAC

10

500 - 600VAC + / - 10%

600VAC

10.4. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (non UL approved).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/ 3281 ft.

• Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than the minimum setting.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

10.4.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

10.4.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible (UL Approved)	Maximum Permissible (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

10.4.3. Derating for Switching Frequency

Enclosure	Switching Frequency (Where available)									
Туре	4kHz	8kHz	12kHz	16kHz	24kHz	32kHz				
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%				
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A				
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%				

10.4.4. Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12kHz switching frequency and 45°C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12kHz, 25% derating

9.5 Amps x 75% = 7.1 Amps

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above $40^{\circ}C = 5 \times 2.5\% = 12.5\%$ 7.1 Amps x 87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above $1000m = 10 \times 1\% = 10\%$ 7.9 Amps x 90% = 5.5 Amps continuous current available.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected.
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

10.5. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure

10.5.1. IP20 Drive Models

All Optidrive P2 models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

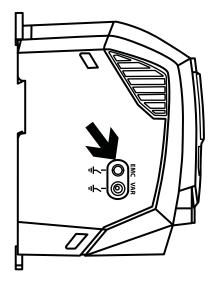
Technical Data

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

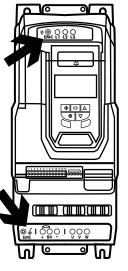
Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely



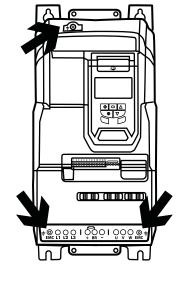
Frame Sizes 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



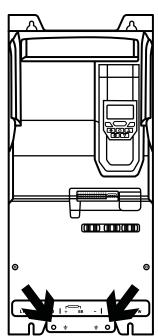
Frame Size 5 Frame Size 5 units have

EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



Frame Size 6a/6b

Frame Size 6a/6b units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



10.5.2. IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Invertek Drives Approved Service Partners.

11. Troubleshooting

11.1. Fault Messages

		lessages	
Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
01 - 6	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings. Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
ОС-Бг	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes. To reduce the load on the resistor, increase deceleration the time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
0-1	03	Over current trip	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits. Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11. Increase the ramp up time in P1-03. If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly. Fault Occurs When Running If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03.
I.E-ErP	04	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering >100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time.	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load. Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.
PS-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0- volt	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in PO-20. A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-36. This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected. If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive. If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03. If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U- volt	07	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off. If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.
0- E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO-21. A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-38. Check the drive ambient temperature. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U-E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. The temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive.
P- dEF	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application.
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.

Fault	No.	OLED Message	Corrective Action
Code		Description	
50-065	12	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16. A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37. Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance. Reduce the motor load. If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner.
P-1055	14	Input phase loss	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.
EH-FLE	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
dAFA-E	17	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
4-20F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.
dAFA-E	19	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
U- dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.
0- hEAL	23	Ambient Temperature High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Increase the cooling airflow to the drive. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
0-tor9	24	Maximum Torque Limit Exceeded	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold. Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time.
U-Eor9	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2-18 = 8. The torque developed prior to releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local Invertek Sales Partner for further information on using the Optidrive P2 in hoist applications.
OUE-F	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
Enc-01	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss.
SP-Err	31	Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed. In Hoist Mode Operation, this protection is always active even if no encoder is fitted. The motor speed deviates from the intended motor speed by an error greater than that set in the limit parameter P6-07.
Enc-03	32	Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameter P6-06.
Enc-04	33	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault.
Enc-05	34	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault.
Enc-06	35	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault.
AFE-01	40	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.
866-05	41		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AFE-03	42		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.
AFE-04	43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AF-02	44		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message	Corrective Action
		Description	
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.
OUE-Ph	49	Output Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.
5c-F0 I	50	Modbus Comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F02	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F03	52	Communications Option Module Fault	Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F04	53	10 card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.



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